The Democratic Pioneer.

TRUTH. JUSTICE AND THE CONSTITUTION.

BY L. D. STARKE. ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., TUESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 27, 1857. VOL. 7—NO. 26.

EMOCRATIC PIONEER.

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L. D. STARKE,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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POETRY.

THE COTTAGE BY THE GLEN.

ny years have glided by me,
Since I stood beside the stream,
ich went bubbling o'er the pebbles,
Happy in my boyish dream.
heart was light and joyous—
t had felt no sorrow then,
d each day came fraught with pleasure,
o the cottage by the glen.

member well the school-mates,
Who were happy with me there;
we roamed the fields together,
nd plucked the flowers fair.
ry hill-side we had clambered,
et we climbed them o'er again;
d at night our laugh was merry,
n the cottage by the glen.

member well the grave yard,
With its briar-woven wall;
d the church that stood close by it,
With its spire, grim and tall.
we sported on the verdure,
lid the graves of buried men;
er dreaming time was fleeting,
n the cottage by the glen.

member well the duck pond,
the rushes by its side;
ere the croaking frogs I pelted,
el in my boyish pride.
member, too, I planted
By its side a willow, then;
s now a towering giant,
Near the cottage by the glen.

member, too, the sisters
And the b others with me there;
w we gathered in a circle,
At the evening hour of prayer
that circle now is broken,
Broken, ne'er to meet ag in;
e, alas! in death is sleeping
Near the cottage by the glen.

ve suffered many changes
ince I left that happy spot;
; scenes of joy I've numbered,
t I can forget it not.
ottes, 'mid the bustle
And the strife of busy men,
heart turns sadly, fondly,
the cottage by the glen.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MR. BANTAM'S LEGACY.

When Mr. Bernard Bantam 'came to own,' on reaching the supposed age of cretion—twenty-one—his property, ed by a careful guardian, who surrend it with a word of good advice, amounto exactly twenty thousand dollars, ich he touched in cash, free to invest, his intelligence and prudence might est. Now twenty thousand dollars is drop in the bucket,' or a 'snug little for-e,' according to the character of the ssor. To an economical man, with a w business and shrewd in speculate, it may be easily rolled up into fifty usand. Money has a wonderful facilit self-multiplication, if only left to it-

But Mr. Bantam was not disposed eave it to itself; neither had he a turn any sort of business. He was a social ng man, and loved to be surrounded blacklegs, jockies, trainers, showmen, billiard markers. He was fond of t-horses and late hours; Havana cigars whiskey punch—nor was he averse to king his opinion of a horse by heavy ting, or taking a round sum on the zzard of the die.' Therefore his twenthousand dollars lasted him exactly eighn months. His credit outlived his cap a little while, and then he took to dising of articles of value—such as a diand ring, a pair of silver-mounted pis-, a gold chronometer watch and chain, w pictures, and some costly furniture. ll his debts accumulated faster than ways l means could be provided. Mr. Banr took to drink, but this did not mend ters at all. It had an ugly look for to be seen waiting in bar-rooms to be ked up by some old crony who happento be flush; and he became very noto-us for borrowing five dollars 'just till morrow,'—which to-morrow never ired by the unhappy victims.

e still continued to keep up a hollow w of style at his furnished lodgings, he was seldom at home, because

'His door was hateful to his eyes
cked and dammed up by grasping creditors.'

mething must be done to stave off these moranis. It was not enough for him to re their morning persecutions, by getting out of his back window on' his shed, chance to an alley-way and up the eet—there was danger of having his reat cut off.

One morning the principal creditors led at a very early hour, by appointment, y angry and not at all hopeful, yet ewhat anxious to see what could be pretty well convinced, on the whole, at some 'artful dodge' was to be attemp-, and determined to refuse every offer that of the solid cash. There was Mr bucle, the liquor dealer, who was 'in' one hundred; Mr. Cauliflower, the fashble tailor, and Mr. Discount, the noteer—a Christian Israelite.

Mr. Bantam in?' asked Carbuncle, iously, of the servant, who opened the r.

'He is dressing, gentlemen—walk in; he'll be happy to see you.'

'Gammon!' muttered the note shaver, as he followed his companions.

They were shown into a smart bachelor sitting-room, the walls of which were adorned with opera dancers and fast horses.

'The morning papers, gentlemen,' said the servant, as he handed chairs, pointed to the unopened journals, and retired with a bow.

'What have you there?' asked Carbuncle of Cauliflower, after a minute's perusal of his paper.

'Hear what the *Times* says,' said Cauliflower; and he read as follows:

GOOD LUCK.—We learn that our townsman, Mr Bernard Bantam, has, by the death of a relative in England, come into possession of a fortune of 250,000 pounds sterling. The intelligence was brought by the Cunard steamer.

'And hear this, under the head of 'foreign news,' in the *Bee*,' said Discount!

We learn that the very large property of the late Hon. Egerton Bridge Stafford, of Strafford Hall, Somersetshire, goes entire to a distant relative now in America—a Mr. Bernard Bantam, of the city of Massachusetts, county of New England and State of Boston.—*London Times.*

'All the papers have it in some shape or other,' said Cauliflower. 'We are in luck, gentlemen. Don't let us say a word to Bantam about it. Let's fold up the papers as though we hadn't looked at 'em.'

Mr. Bantam entered, draped in rich brocade dressing-gown, with a scarlet velvet smoking-cap on his head, and embroidered slippers on his feet He hadn't been drunk for a day and a half, and looked remarkably well.

'Good morning, gentlemen,' said he, flinging himself into an easy chair. 'How goes the world with you? I'm happy to see you. I've given you a great deal of trouble, I dare say; but one can't always be in funds. By the way, Discount, how are stocks?'

'Looking up!' said the broker.

'Always my luck when I want to buy,' said Bantam. 'By the way, Carbuncle, did you bring your bill with you?'

'I did not,' replied the liquor dealer, with glib mendacity. 'Never mind the bill. Now or next Christmas—it's all the same to me! I wanted to let you know I've got a fresh lot of that Heidsieck—there's no mistake about it. Will you accept a basket to taste?'

'You're too generous, Carbuncle.'

'Not at all—an old customer like you.'

'Very well—I'm heartily obliged to you. Cauliflower, you must be tired of waiting for money.'

'My dear sir, how can you fancy it?—Why can't you drop in this morning and look at some new pantaloon patterns I've just received by the steamer?'

'I'll do so, without fail,' replied Bantam. 'I believe my wardrobe wants replenishing.'

Messrs. Carbuncle and Cauliflower retired with a profusion of bows.

'What should you say, Discount,' said Bantam, when he was left alone with the broker, 'if, instead of paying you, I should tell you I was in immediate want of a thousand dollars?'

The broker pulled out his wallet, counted over a roll of bills, and pushed it to Bantam, without a word.

'You know I shall never pay you.'

'O, of course not!' replied the broker, with a chuckle.

'I tell you, frankly—I'm 'hard up.''

'And no prospect of better times?'

'None, as I'm a sinner.'

'Mr. Bantam,' said the broker, rising and shaking his hand, 'I can't intrude upon your valuable time any longer. It's an unreasonable hour—only seven o'clock—and I know you have not breakfasted. But allow me to say that I give you joy with all my heart.'

'I haven't the remotest idea of your meaning,' said Bantam.

'O, of course not!' said the broker, with a sly wink. 'Ha! ha! capital. Good morning—we shall meet on change. Good morning.'

Mr. Barnard Bantam dressed very expeditiously, and, with a carpet-bag in his hand, walked down to Worchester depot, whither a couple of trunks had preceded him. He was soon whirled away in the New York train, and Boston knew him no more.

Messrs Carbuncle, Cauliflower and Discount, learned that the city papers had been imposed upon by some scoundrel—the story of Mr. Bantam's legacy being a hoax, got up by some unprincipled joker. Carbuncle and Cauliflower were not inconsolable, for they had charged the amount of Mr. Bantam's indebtedness to 'profit and loss;' but Discount was perfectly rabid.—Mr. Bantam is now, thanks to his 'mung news,' experimenting on the productiveness of the auriferous sands of California.—*Flag of our Union.*

A BEAUTIFUL REFLECTION.—I cannot believe that earth is man's abiding place. It cannot be that our life is cast upon the ocean of eternity, to float a moment upon its waves, and then sink into nothingness! Else, how is it that the glorious aspirations which leap like angels from the temple of our heart, are forever wandering about unsatisfied? Why is it the rainbow and clouds hover over us with a beauty that is not of earth, and then pass off and leave us to muse upon their loneliness? Why is it that the stars which hold their festal around the midnight throne are yet above the grasp of our limited faculties, forever mocking us with their unapproachable glory? And finally, why is it that the bright forms of human beauty are presented to our view and then taken from us, leaving the thousand streams of our affections to flow back in Alpine torrents on our hearts? We are born for a higher destiny than that of earth. There is a realm where the rainbow never fades—where the stars will be spread out before us like the island that slumbers in the ocean! and where the beings that pass before us like shadows will stay in our presence forever!

THE CRAZY ENGINEER.

FROM THE REPORT OF A PRUSSIAN CONDUCTOR.

My train left Dantzic in the morning, generally at 8 o'clock, but once a week we had to wait for the arrival of the steamer from Stockholm. It was on the morning of the steamer's arrival that I came down from my hotel and found that my engineer had been so seriously injured that he could not run. One of the railroad carriages had run over him and broken one of his legs. I went immediately to the engine house to obtain another engineer, for I knew there were three or four in the reserve there; but I was disappointed. I enquired for Westphal, and was informed that he had gone to Steegen to visit his mother. Gondolpho had been sent to Kœnigsburg, on that road. But where was Maine? He had leave of absence for two days, and had gone, no one knew whither.

Here was a fix. I heard the puffing of the steamer in the Neufahrwasser, and the passengers would be on hand in fifteen minutes I ran to the guard and asked them if they knew where there was an engineer; but they did not. I then went to the firemen, and asked if any of them felt competent to run the engine to Bomberg; not one of them dare atetmpt it. The distance was nearly one hundred miles. What was to be done?

The steamer came to her wharf, and those going on by rail soon came flocking to the station. They had taken breakfast on board the boat, and were all ready for a fresh start. The baggage was checked and registered, the tickets bought, the different carriages pointed out to the various classes of passengers, and all were seated. The train was in readiness in the long station house, and the engine was steaming and puffing away impatiently in the distant firing house.

'Come, why don't we start?' growled an old fat Swede, who had been watching me narrowly for the last fifteen minutes.

And upon this there was a general chorus of anxious inquiry, which soon settled into downright murmuring. At this juncture some one touched me slightly on the elbow. I turned and saw a stranger by my side. I expected he was going to remonstrate with me for my backwardness. In fact, I began to have strong temptations to pull off my uniform, for every anxious eye was fixed upon the glaring badges which marked me as the chief official of the train.

However, the stranger was a middle-aged man, tall and stout, with a face expressive of great energy and intelligence His eye was so black and brilliant that I could not for the soul of me gaze steadily into it; and his lips, which were very thin, seemed more like polished marble than human flesh. His dress was of black throughout, and not only fitted with exact nicety, but was scrupulously clean and neat.

'You want an engineer, I understand,' he said, in a low, cautious tone, at the same time gazing quietly about him, as though he wanted no one else to hear what he said.

'I do,' I replied. 'My train is all ready, and we have no engineer within twenty miles from here.'

'Well, sir, I am going to Bomberg—I must go—and if you can find none other, I will run the engine for you.'

'Ha!' I uttered, 'are you an engineer?'

'I am, sir—one of the oldest in the country; and am now on my way to Berlin to make arrangements for a great improvement I have invented in the application of steam locomotion My name is Martin Kroller. If you wish, I will run you as far as Bomberg; and I will show you running that is running.'

Was I not fortunate? I determined to accept the man's offer at once, and so I told him. He received my answer with a nod and smile, and then proposed to go and get the engine. I went with him to the house, where we found the iron horse in charge of the fireman, and all ready for the start. Kroller got upon the platform, and I followed. I had never seen a man betray a more peculiar aptness among the machinery than he did. He let on the steam in an instant, but with care and judgment, and he backed up the baggage carriage with the most exact nicety. I had seen enough to assure me that he was thoroughly acquainted with the business, and I felt composed once more. I gave the engine up to my new man, and then hastened away to the office. The word was passed for all passengers to take their seats, and soon after I waved my hand to the engineer. There was a puff, a groaning of the heavy axletrees, a trembling of the building, and the train was in motion. I leaped upon the platform of the guard-carriage, and in a few moments more the station-house was left behind us.

In less than an hour we reached Dirshan, where we took up the passengers that had come in on the Kœnigsburg railroad.—Here I went forward and asked Kroller how he liked the engine. He replied that he liked it very much.

'But,' he added, with a strange sparkling of the eye, 'wait until you get my improvement, and then you shall see traveling. By the soul of the Virgin Mother, sir, I could run an engine to the moon in twenty-four hours!'

I smiled at what I thought his quaint enthusiasm, and then went back to my station. As soon as the Kœnigsburg passengers were all on board and their baggage crate attached, we started on again.

As soon as all matters had been attended to, connected with the new accession of passengers, I went into the guard carriage and sat down. A train from Kœnigsburg had gone through two hours before, so we had but one more stopping place before reaching Bomberg, and that was the Little Oscue, where we took the western mail.

'How we go!' exclaimed one of the guard, some fifteen minutes after we had left Dirshan.

'The new engineer is trying the speed,' I returned, not yet having any fear.

But ere long I began to be fearful that he was running a little too fast. The carriages began to sway to and fro, and I could hear the exclamations of fear from the passengers.

'Good heavens!' cried one of the guard, coming down, 'look, sir, and see how we are going!'

I looked out of the window and found that we were dashing along at a speed never before excelled on that road. Posts, fences, rocks and trees flew by in undistinguishable masses, and the carriages now swayed fearfully. I arose to my feet, and met a passenger upon the platform. He was one of the chief owners of the road, and was just on his way to Berlin. He was pale and excited.

'Sir,' he gasped, 'is Martin Kroller on the engine?'

'Yes,' I told him.

'Holy Virgin! Don't you know him?'

'Know him?' I repeated, somewhat puzzled. 'What do you mean? He told me his name was Martin Kroller, and that he was an engineer. We had no one to run the engine, and—'

'You took him!' interrupted the man. 'Good heavens, sir, he is as crazy as a man can be! He turned his brain over a new plan for applying steam power. I saw him at the station but didn't recognize him then, as I was in a hurry. Just now one of the passengers told me that your engineers were all gone this morning, and that you found one who was a stranger to you. Then I knew that the man whom I had seen was Martin Kroller! He has escaped from the hospital at Stettin. You must get him off somehow!'

The whole fearful truth was now opened to me. The speed of the train was increasing each moment, and I knew that a few miles more per hour would surely launch us all into destruction. I called to the guard, and then went forward as quickly as possible. I reached the after platform of the tender, and there stood Kroller upon the engine board, his hat and coat off, his long black hair floating wildly in the wind, his shirt unbuttoned at the throat, his sleeves rolled up, with a pistol in his teeth, and thus glaring upon the fireman who lay motionless upon the fuel. The furnace was stuffed till the very latch of the door was red hot, and the whole engine quivering and swaying as though it would shiver to pieces.

'Kroller! Kroller!' I cried at the top of my voice.

The crazy engineer started and caught the pistol in his hand. Oh! how those great black eyes glared, and how ghastly and frightful the face looked.

'Ha! ha! ha!' he yelled demoniacally, glaring upon me like a roused lion. 'They swore I could not make it. I made it, and when 'twas done they stole it from me. But I've found it. For years I've wandered in search of my great engine, and they swore it was not made. But I've found it! I knew it when I saw it this morning at Dantzig, and I was determined to have it. And I've got it. Ho! ho! we're off to the moon, I say! By the Virgin Mother, we'll be in the moon in four-and-twenty hours! Down! down, villain!—If you move I will shoot you!'

This last was spoken to the poor fireman, who at that moment attempted to rise; and the frightened man shrank back again.

'Here's Little Oscue, right ahead,' shouted one of the guard.

But even as he spoke the buildings were at hand. A sickening sensation settled upon my heart, for I supposed we were gone now. The houses flew by like lightning. I knew that if the officers here had turned the switch as usual we should be hurled into eternity in one fearful crash. I saw a flash—it was another engine—I closed my eyes, but still we thundered on. The officers had seen our speed, and knowing that we could not haul up in that distance, they had changed the switch so that we kept on.

But there was sure death ahead if we did not stop. Only fifteen miles ahead was the town of Schwetz, on the Vistula, and the entrance, near the bank of the river, was a short curve in the road. At the rate we were now going we would be there in a few minutes, for each minute carried us over a mile.

The shrieks of the passengers now arose above the crash of the rails, and more terrific than all else arose the demoniac yells of the mad engineer.

'Merciful heavens!' gasped the guardsman, 'there's not a moment's time to be lost—Schwetz is close by. If you dare not go I'll go myself,' he added. 'Let's shoot him.'

At that moment a tall, stout German student came over to the platform where we stood, and when he saw that the madman had his pistol aimed at us, he grasped a heavy stick of wood from the tender, and with a steadiness of nerve which I could not have commanded, hurled it with such force and precision that he knocked the pistol from the maniac's grasp. I saw the movement, and on the instant that the pistol fell I sprang forward, and the German followed me. I grasped the man by the arm, but I should have been a mere infant in his power had I been alone. He would have hurled me from the platform had not the student at that moment struck him with a stick of wood, which he had caught as he came over the tender.

Kroller settled down like a dead man, and on the next instant I shut off the steam and opened the safety valve. As the freed steam shrieked and howled in its escape the speed of the train decreased, and in a few moments more the danger was passed; and as I settled back, entirely overcome by the wild emotions that had raged within me, we began to turn the curve by the river, and before I was fairly recovered the fireman had stopped the train in the station house at Schwetz.

Martin Kroller, still insensible, was taken from the platform, and as we carried him into the guard room, one of the guard recognized him, and told us that he had seen him there about two weeks before.

'He came,' said the guard, 'and swore that an engine which stood near here was his. He said it was one he had made to go to the moon in, and that it had been stolen from him. We went for more help to arrest him, and he fled.'

'Well,' I replied, with a shudder, 'I wish he had approached me in the same way. But he was more cautious at Dantzic.'

At Schwetz we found an engineer to run the engine to Bomberg; and having taken out the western mail for the northern train to take along we saw that Kroller would be properly attended to, and then started on.

The rest of the trip was run in safety, though I could see that the passengers were not wholly at ease, until they were entirely clear of the railroad. A heavy purse was made up by them for the German student, and he accepted it with much gratitude; and I was glad of it, for the current of their gratitude to him may have prevented a far different current which might have been poured upon my head for engaging a madman to run a railroad train

But this is not the end. Martin Kroller remained insensible from the effects of that blow upon the head nearly two weeks, and when he recovered from that he was sound in mind again. His insanity was all gone. I saw him about three weeks afterward, but he had no recollection of the past. He remembered nothing of the past year—not even his mad freak on my engine.

But I remembered it, and I remember it still, and people need never fear that I shall ever be imposed upon again by a crazy engineer.

WHO IS CONTENTED!

The following article which we clip from one of our exchanges papers, contains a lesson which will benefit every one who will carefully study it:

One day, as the Dervish Almeran, the wisest of all the followers of the Prophet, and the oracle of the Chief Mufti of Stamboul, was sitting in a shady grove, by the side of a bubbling fountain, on the shores of Bosphorous, trying to find out the true road to happiness, in order that he might benefit his fellow-creatures by communicating his discovery, his speculations were interrupted by a man richly clothed, who approaching sat down and sighed very heavily, crying out at the same time:

'Oh! Allah, I beseech Thee to relieve me of life, or the burdens with which it is laden.'

Almoran, who was a sort of amateur of misery, it afforded him the pleasure of administering consolation, approached the man of sorrow, and kindly inquired the cause of his griefs.

'Art thou in want of food, of friends or health, or any of those comforts of life that are necessary to human happiness?—'or dost thou lack the advice of experience, or the consolations of sympathy? Speak, for it is the business of my life to bestow them on my fellow-creatures.'

'Alas!' said the stranger, 'I require none of these, I have all more than I want of everything; I have all the means of happiness but one, and the want of that renders every other blessing of no value.'

'And what is that?' asked the Dervish.

'I adore the beautiful Zulema; but she loves another, all my riches are as nothing. I am the most miserable of men; my life is a burden, and my death would be the greatest of blessings.'

Before Almoran could reply, there approached a poor creature clothed in rags, and leaning on his staff, bowed down to the earth with a load of misery He sat down moaning, as if in great pain, and casting his eyes upwards exclaimed:—'Allah! be my star, for I have none other!'

The Dervish went up to him and kindly said—'What aileth thee poor man? Perhaps it may be in my power to relieve thy distresses. What wantest thou?'

'Everything,' replied the beggar; health, food, kindred, friends, a home—everything. I am an outcast and a wanderer, destitute of every comfort of life. I am the most miserable of mankind; for in addition to my own sufferings, I see others around me revelling in those luxuries for lack of a small portion of which I am perishing.'

At this moment, a third man approached, with weary steps and languid look, and casting himself down by the side of the fountain, stretched out his limbs at free length, and yawning desperately, cried out:—Allah, what shall I do?—What will become of me? I am tired of life, which is nothing but a purgatory of wants, that when supplied only produce disappointment or disgust.'

Almoran approached and asked:—What is the cause of thy misery? What wantest thou?'

'I want a want!' replied the other. 'I am cursed with the misery of fruition I have wasted my life in acquiring riches that brought me nothing but disappointment, and honors that no longer please my pride, or repay me for the labor of sustaining them. I have been cheated into the pursuit of pleasures that turned to pain in the enjoyment, and my only want is that I have nothing to desire. I have everything I wish and yet I enjoy nothing.'

Almoran paused a few moments, utterly at a loss to find a remedy for this strange malady, then said to himself:—'Allah! preserve me; I see it is all the same whether men want one thing, everything, or nothing. It is impossible to make such happy, and may I eat dirt if I trouble myself any more in so vain a pursuit.'

Then taking up his staff, he went on his way.

☞ A few days since, a barber offered a reward of fifty dollars for the best recipe for 'instantly removing superfluous hair.' Among the answers was one forwarded by a gentleman in Kingston. We give it:—'Undertake to kiss a woman against her will.'

☞ A wag of an editor says that girls should never object to being kissed by *editors*. They should make every allowance for the 'freedom of the *press*.' Keep this in mind.

COURTING IN BROADWAY.

A very singular wedding transpired here this week. A young and very pretty Irish girl—the sister of one of our common Councilmen, was walking up Broadway, New York, when she attracted the attention of an elderly gentleman of large wealth, who had lived all his life a bachelor and an ascetic. Rumor says that he was foiled in an *affaire du cœur*, and carried thenceforth in his breast a heart impenetrable to the sweet influences of the tender passion. Well, this gentleman on the promenade was attracted by this Irish girl to such a degree that he arrested his step and ventured to address her:

'Will you pardon the liberty, Miss, if I ask your name?'

The girl timidly surveyed him, and apparently satisfied that not mere curiosity prompted him in the query, and that he was a gentleman she acceded.

'My name is Mary O'K——, sir.'

'Dare I ask you another question, Mary—I mean Miss O'K——?'

'Proceed, sir,' she replied, good humoredly.

'Then I should like to ask you—and you will confer an infinite obligation upon me by answering truly—whether you are engaged in marriage to any one, or whether your feelings are interested in any person whatever.'

The question was decidedly a homo one, but there was so kind and gentle an expression in the old man's eye, and such an evident earnestness in his tone, that she answered him freely—

'Not in the least, sir.'

'Then allow me without any further ceremony, to place my card in your hand, and with it the offer of myself and fortune. Commission any friend you please to make whatever inquiries concerning me you may deem proper, and let me know your determination to-morrow.'

The girl, overwhelmed with surprise, deposited the slip of pasteboard in the reticule and passed on. On Wednesday afternoon her brother called at the hotel where her admirer resided and informed him that Mary had concluded to accept him. They were married the same evening at the residence of the bride's mother, and the old gentleman settled on her one hundred thousand dollars on the spot.

This gentleman—he would not like me to give you his name—has held a great many public offices in his time, was formerly a Major in the U. S Army, and afterwards assistant Indian Commissioner. His real estate in this city is worth more than $200,000.

Mary and the Major started the next morning for New Orleans, where the latter has a brother who is a sort of pecuniary nabob in that city.

Meeting of General Jackson and J. Q. Adams at President Monroe's Levee.—The following account of the *rencontre* between General Jackson and John Q. Adams, at President Monroe's levee, the night after Adams' election over Jackson for the Presidency, by the House of Representatives, is taken from Peter Parley's 'Recollections of his Lifetime:'

I shall pass over other individuals present, only noting an incident which respects the two persons in the assembly who most of all others engrossed the thoughts of the visitors—Mr. Adams, the elect, General Jackson, the defeated. It chanced, in the course of the evening, that these two persons, involved in the throng, approached each other from the opposite directions, yet without knowing it. Suddenly, as they were almost together, the persons around, seeing what was to happen, by a sort of instinct, stepped aside and left them face to face. Mr. Adams was by himself; General Jackson had a large, handsome lady on his arm. They looked at each other for a moment, and then General Jackson moved forward, and reaching out his long arm, said—'How do you do, Mr. Adams? I give you my left hand, for the right, you see, is devoted to the fair; I hope you are very well, sir.' All this was gallantly and heartily said and done. Mr. Adams took the General's hand, and said, with chilling coldness—'very well, sir: I hope General Jackson is well!' It was curious to see the western planter, the Indian fighter, the stern soldier, who had written his country's glory in the blood of the enemy at New Orleans—genial and gracious in the midst of a court, while the old courtier and diplomat was stiff, rigid, and cold as a statue! It was all the more remarkable from the fact that, four hours before, the former had been defeated, and the latter was a victor in a struggle for one of the highest objects of human ambition. The personal character of these two individuals was in fact well expressed in that chance meeting; the gallantry, the frankness and the heartiness of the one, which captivated all; the coldness, the distance, the self-concentration of the other, which repelled all. A somewhat severe, but still acute analyst of Mr. Adam's character, says: 'Undoubtedly, one great reason of his unpopularity, was his cold and antipathetic manner, and the suspicion of selfishness it suggested, or at least added greatly to confirm. None approached Mr. Adams but to recede. He never succeeded—he never tried to conciliate.'

☞ He is the happy man, not whom other men think, but who thinks himself to be so.

☞ To endeavor to work upon the vulgar with fine sense, is like trying to hew marble with a razor.

A "GOOD YARN."

The editor of the Albany Police Tribune tells the following:

Some five years since two well-known Albanians left this city to seek their fortunes at Washington. We will call them Mr. A and Mr. B. Mr. A got a contract from the government, and made a snug little pile, some $40,000 worth of real estate. While acquiring this property, Mr. A contracted about $7,000 worth of debts, $3,500 of which belonged to Mr. B. Mr. A. is not any more honest than the law allows. So he thought he would get rid of "those cussed bores," his creditors, by making over his property to his niece, a fine looking young lady, aged about eighteen. He accordingly went to a lawyer, made out the papers, assigned the whole of his real estate to his neice, the interesting young lady already spoken of. Having concluded his arrangements, he thought he would go South and look at the country. This took place last summer. During his absence in pursuit of quietness and cotton fields, Mr. B. ascertains all about the assignment, and goes in for making all things square. He commenced operations by courting the niece aforesaid, and finished up by marrying her. When Mr. A. returns from Georgia he finds he has been done—that Mr. B. has not only got the value of his debt, but $37,500 worth of real estate in addition. Mr. A is now swearing in eight syllables, and insists that it is a conspiracy.

Influence of the smile in giving beauty of expression.—A beautiful smile is to the female countenance what the sunbeam is to the landscape. It embellishes an inferior face, and redeems an ugly one. A smile, however, should not become habitual, or insipidity is the result; nor should the mouth break into a smile on one side, the other remaining passive and unmoved, for this imparts an air of deceit and grotesqueness to the face. A disagreeable smile distorts the lines of beauty, and is more repulsive than a frown. There are many kinds of smiles, each having a distinctive character—some announce goodness and sweetness, others betray sarcasm, bitterness, and pride; some often the countenance by their languishing tenderness, others brighten it by their brilliant and spiritual vivacity. Gazing and poring before a mirror cannot aid in acquiring beautiful smiles half so well as to turn the gaze inward, to watch that the heart keeps unsullied from the reflection of evil, and is illumined and beautified by all sweet thoughts.

SENSIBLE DOCTOR.—A handsome young widow applied to a physician to relieve her of three distressing complaints, with which she was affected.

'In the first place,' said she, 'I have little or no appetite. What shall I take for that?'

'For that, Madam, you should take air and exercise.'

'And, Doctor, I am quite fidgety at night, and afraid to lie alone. What shall I take for that?'

'For that, Madam, I can only recommend that you take—a—husband!'

'Fie! Doctor But I have the blues terribly. What shall I take for that?'

'For that, Madam, you have, besides taking air, exercise, and a husband, to take—the newspaper.'

Sensible Doctor, that.

PARSON BROWNLOW AND HIS JONESBORO' CUSTOMERS.—The last Knoxville Whig contains a characteristic and pathetic appeal from its editor to his former customers at Jonesboro' where the Whig was originally published. He offers to take bills on the Bank of East Tennessee, which are worth 20 cents to the dollar, in full payment, and adds:

'Persons wishing to square up with us can now do so. If, however, they wish to get off at *a cheaper rate*, they can withhold even these bills, and we promise during the coming year, to receipt them in full through the paper, forever, and file our claims against them in the *High Chancery of Heaven*, and let them settle with their God in the world to come!'

And to leave all without excuse, we further agree to take Shanghi chickens, hoop skirts, boot-jacks, broom-corn, baby-jumpers, fishing tackles, patent medicines, sucking pigs, frozen cabbage, old clothes, colt's revolvers, parched corn, circus tickets, or any other article found in a country retail store.'

☞ The most inconsiderate men are the men, usually, of the most eminent gravity. We have seen a conceited blockhead who outshone an owl in his looks of wisdom. We have seen a fourth rate lawyer whose nearest approach to mirth was a grim smile, while in the soul of hilarity. We have seen a solemn pharisee who was constantly surrounded by a frigid atmosphere, and whose most cheerful conversation sounded like a voice from the tombs, while some eminent divines carry with them an atmosphere like spring, and their conversation is simple unrestrained and joyous.

GREAT MOUSE HUNT.—'A great mouse hunt,' says a Bridgeport (Conn.) paper, recently came off in this vicinity, consisting of two parties, of forty a side; with a large number of dogs, which succeeded in killing, during a day's sport, 959 rats and 31¼ bushels of mice. The captain of the two parties were J. Fletcher and Chas. H. Hill; and Mr. Fletcher's party won by 65 rats and 4 1-2 bushels of mice.' If this story were not pretty squarely told, we should hardly be disposed to credit it.

☞ Fanny Fern objects to men shedding tears; she says it is an infringment on woman's most valuable 'water privilege.'

☞ 'Always laugh while you can—it is a cheap medicine. Mirthfulness is a philosophy not well understood. It is the sunny side of existence.'

☞ A lady, describing an ill-tempered man, said: 'He never smiles but he seems ashamed of it.'

Democratic Pioneer.

TUESDAY MORNING, Jan. 27, 1857.

☞ The heavy snow storm and intensely cold weather have produced much positive suffering in our midst. Many poor families have been sorely pinched by want; and many others, who are ordinarily abundantly able to provide themselves with the necessary comforts of life, were but little better off than their more indigent neighbors—for fuel was not to be had for several days. So destitute were some families in the Town and its vicinity, that our citizens held a meeting on Friday last, to devise means for their relief. Quite a liberal collection was taken up on the spot, and committees were appointed to make further collection, seek out cases of destitution and afford the necessary relief. The committees went to work with commendable energy, and it is gratifying to know that fuel and food were in many cases supplied where they were really needed. A resolution was adopted by the meeting requesting the Town authorities to co-operate in the good work, to which the latter promptly responded by making an appropriation of one hundred dollars for the purpose.

Persons desiring to contribute can do so through any member of either of the committees, with an assurance that the funds will be discreetly applied. We shall probably publish a list of contributors, with their contributions, in our next. For convenience, we give the names of the gentlemen composing the committees in this place, viz: Ward Committees—J. W. Hinton, T. D. Knox, Peter Copes, W. W. Williams, and C. W. Grandy, Jr Executive Committee—W. H. Clark, W. F. Martin and Joseph H. Pool.

P. S.—We learn from the Executive Committee, that up to last night, relief (in the shape of fuel provisions and clothing) had been supplied to thirty-five destitute families.

SAD CASE.

Information was brought to this Town yesterday morning, that two men, from the schooner Mary E. Skinner, some dozen miles below, who had been directed to take the small boat and recover a hat that had blown overboard, on Sunday morning 18th inst., (the snowy Sunday,) drifted off [illegible] despite their utmost exertions to regain her, and after floating about in the ice and snow all that day and the succeeding night, were taken ashore next morning, more dead than alive, and that, although taken to a farm house in the neighborhood, no medical assistance could be procured, and their situation was deemed very critical—both of them having been terribly frost-bitten. As soon as it became known here, a party was promptly organized, provided with a comfortable sleigh, blankets, &c., and accompanied by Dr. H. P. Ritter, who generously volunteered to take charge of the expedition, proceeded to the relief of the unfortunate sufferers, with the intention of bringing them to this place. The roads being utterly impassable, the party had to proceed down the river on the ice—the sleigh being drawn by men.

Up to the time of putting our paper to press last night, the party had not returned.

FINE SPORT.

Our citizens last week enjoyed a fine season of the unusual pleasure of sleighing. The snow was in the best possible order for smooth running; and goods boxes, crates, old buggy bodies, &c., were speedily called into requisition, and the merry tinkling of the "sleigh-bells" was heard for several days. Some of the sleighs were gotten up in fine style, while several were drawn by four-horse teams. The whole town seemed to have been given over to the prevailing sport, and every one who could muster up a horse or a mule and set of slides was dashing over the snow-glazed earth in the highest merriment. The ladies, too, of course, participated largely in the lively and exhilarating sport; and a huge wagon-body mounted on slides and drawn by four splendid coursers, plied regularly through the streets, freighted with full loads of the "fairer portion of creation;" while, as a matter of course, each particular gentleman who was fortunate enough to "capture" a sleigh even for an hour or two, would take his wife, sister or sweet-heart out with him. It is estimated that there were about fifty sleighs, good, bad and indifferent, running through our streets at the same time.

Many of the gentlemen who had no sleighs amused themselves by snow-balling each other. Sometimes regular pitched battles were fought, in which large parties ranged on opposite sides, would charge furiously on each other with balls of snow, and, now and then, would come to a hand-to-hand scuffle, which would usually result in the immersion of the weaker ones in a bank of deep snow. Whenever this was the case, the whole crowd generally poured a perfect volley of snow balls upon both contestants. Altogether the last was a memorable week, and will be long remembered as the sleighing season.

HARD UP!

Last week was a terrible one to country editors. The deep snow had completely cut off all intercommunication with the rest of mankind—the mails had been suspended for a week—all business was suspended—everything was suspended—even the merry sleigh-bells were suspended (around the horses' necks)—but the everlasting cry of the "devil" for "copy" was *not* suspended; for, though all the world beside may yield to the temptations and pleasures of the season, the *newspaper* must be published—the *printer* must work. No matter whether the editor receives his exchanges or not—mails or no mails, he must supply his readers with the usual modicum of news. That tread-mill operation must go on, even though all other branches of business may be suspended. Why, all manner of work was eschewed, and everybody "went in" for sleighing and snow-balling—battles royal were fought by contending armies of men and boys ranged on opposite sides of the streets: but the PRINTER had to toil on. Others might roll and tumble about in the snow-beds and catch as many colds as they pleased—but the printer was denied those *luxuries*.

Feeling—sensibly feeling—the responsibilities of our position, as well as (under the circumstances) its painful embarrassments, in supplying news upon which an embargo (of snow) had been laid, and desiring to appease the demands of our "devil," we turned over the lid of a box stuffed with old newspapers that were published during the campaign, in the hope, however discouraging, of discovering something entertaining for our numerous readers, from those "musty records of the past." We enjoyed quite a refreshing treat—took a brief retrospect of the stirring scenes of the canvass, and wondered if everybody's sanguine predictions had been satisfactorily realized.

The Know Nothing papers were filled with grandiloquent and magniloquent appeals to the faithful, as well as confident hopes of certain victory. "Fillmore is bound to beat"—"he will carry the entire South and a good deal of the North"—"Americans *shall* rule America"—"Down with the Foreign Party!"—"Buchanan out of the question"—"he will give up the race and quit the field before the election"—"he can't carry a single State, hardly, and the Locofocos know it"—"they are only whistling to keep their courage up"—"hurrah for the illustrious Fillmore—the man for the times!" &c., &c., *ad infinitum*. And, contrasting the present with the past, we could but think that a *slight* mistake had been made in the calculating machinery of somebody, and that another forcible illustration had been furnished of the liability of the most cunningly devised plans to be cruelly frustrated. As a wag remarked to us about the snow-storm, "Dr. Kane must have left the back door of the arctic regions open, to let in upon us Southerners such a torrent of the frigid elements," so we soliloquised the Know Nothing arithmeticians had left open a huge door in their calculations, by which a great army of rascally Locofocos had poured in upon and literally "snowed under" the Fillmore forces. But no matter *how*—the thing had certainly happened—an error in the figures of the Know Nothings had been committed. Something or somebody had knocked their admirable arrangements into a "cocked hat." It is possible that the true solution of the difficulty may be found in the fact that the *people* (obstinate creatures!) *voted the other way!* And, certainly, whenever the people of this great and glorious country take a notion into their heads, they have but little respect for the figures and prophecies by which even the most learned and sagacious work out their own especial aims. An example of the self-will and independent go-aheadativeness of Uncle Sam's urchins!

And the Democratic papers—why they were just as sanguine of success—Buchanan would surely be elected—*he* would get everything at the South and a good deal at the North—the Know Nothings were a set of vile deceivers who wanted to get the Locos *out* so they might get *in* the offices—the people wouldn't trust them—they wouldn't get any of the States—the great Democracy were the party of the country, *and bound to win*, &c., &c., and much more to the same effect. And when we fell to soliloquizing over all these things, the question popped into our head—"Well, did the Locofocos fare any better in their calculations than their Know Nothing compeers?" Now, of course, we know all about the result, but still this train of though took possession of our mind; and we concluded that, by chance, or by the certain application of certain rules, the Locos had hit *rather* nearest the mark.—They made a very slight *fractional* error in claiming the *entire* South, for fidgetty little *Maryland* threw the account out of an exact balance—but that was too small a matter to interfere with the final adjustment—and old Buck, instead of withdrawing or being beaten, was duly declared to be victor. The Democrats were exceeding glad and full of joy at this result; and the Know Nothings, despite all their predictions of certain ruin in case of such an almost impossible contingency, determined like good clever fellows (as they are!) to acquiesce in the decision of the people and postpone the question of "ruin" for a few years longer.

And in this pleasant reverie we continued for a while—rejoicing in our heart of hearts that a heated canvass, with all its bitter asperities and fierce strife, had given place to an "era of good feeling," with its more courteous and genial intercourse between those who were so lately arrayed in hostile antagonism; and happy in the reflection that, however the storm may howl over our blessed Union *before* an election, it subsides with the event, and we all quietly settle down peacefully *after* it. [Just here the "devil" pealed out "copy" in our ear—we were aroused from our reverie, and mechanically passed him this manuscript.]

COMPARISON BETWEEN NORTHERN AND SOUTHERN MEMBERS OF CONGRESS.

It is a gratifying fact, that the Southern members of Congress have kept themselves comparatively clear of the fraudulent schemes by which the public Treasury has been robbed and the character of Congress brought into serious disrepute. Most of the corrupt jobbers have come from the North—a section that boasts of its moral superiority, and is ever ready to belittle the South in the scale of social and intellectual greatness. We seldom hear of the sale of a Southern member, while many from the North are bought with a price.

We have the confession of a Northern journal, that these frauds of the lobby and thousand and one schemes of public robbery organized in Washington, are chiefly of Northern origin. The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia *North American*, a *Fremont* paper, writes as follows to that journal:

And if the truth must be spoken out, slavery seems to exercise a conservative and honorable influence. The fact is notorious to every observer at Washington, that nearly all the wholesale schemes of plunder which have been carried through Congress for years past: all the corrupt jobbing; all the projects of spoliation, and all the vile and venal combinations, have been planned and carried on under the control and with the means of northern managers. While they shouted the loudest for freedom, and stigmatized slavery as a stigma of civilization, they took care to pillage the treasury, by way of refreshing this sentimental devotion. The self appointed leaders who were most exercised a few months ago over the demoralization that would attend the possible extension of slavery, who mourned over its alleged horrors, who beat their breasts in agony at its mention, and who led what professed to be a great moral crusade, are exactly the men who have swarmed the lobbies since Congress opened, scheming for the success of new plunder, and contriving the most audacious combinations with the very slaveholders whom they affect so much to abhor. Developments like these, which are every day forced before our eyes, serve to disgust intelligent and honest minds at the cant of these sordid hypocrites, who are trading upon the principles, the integrity of which upright men proudly maintain.

On the floor of the House and on the floor of the Senate—for both are notoriously contaminated, the latter only in a limited degree—the profligate traders most known inside and outside the hall, are not only northern members, but they are members who have endeavored to figure conspicuously in all the recent political movements. Their names are bandied about with vulgar familiarity by the very menials attending upon Congress, and their audacious knavery gives qualification for far more than has yet been charged. They devote themselves exclusively to the business of extorting compensation for legislative favor, and some of them have paid enormously for seats as a means of prosecuting this disgraceful traffic. Nor is this corruption confined to a few isolated instances. There are numbers in the House whose votes, or silence, or absence, was purchased, at the last session, for the public printing, the railroad grants, and other special objects of legislation. These spoils were distributed among certain Republicans holding seats, and others who were supposed to be influential outside. And although a portion of this plunder was appropriated in consideration of the aid and comfort given by southern Americans, it is not believed any of them personally shared its distribution.

It is due to the southern representatives as a body, to say, that however much they may suffer from the stigma of slavery, they are not tainted with the dishonesty and glaring mendacity of others from the free States. With rare exceptions—and they are noted to be despised—the South has never been implicated in these infamous transactions; and if it has given doubtful measures support, either mistaken generosity, or unconscious error incurred the responsibility. They have not chaffered over the price of votes, pursued claimants for retainers, or bargained with scurvy contractors for a division of disreputable gains. In these high characteristics, at least, slavery does not appear to have produced any baneful influences, and it would be well that professed philanthropy exhibited insel as favorably or extorted something of the respect which is now conceded to the representatives of an institution which it so unqualifiedly condemns.

RICHES AND POVERTY.

That poverty is a real evil, it would be absurd to deny; and that it is the parent of many other evils, moral no less than physical, experience teaches, and will forever teach us. Not only that poverty that stands between its victims and the common comforts, almost necessaries of life, is thus pregnant with sorrow and sin, but that, too, which closes the access to every elegant enjoyment, and binds down to petty cares and worldly anxieties the time, the thought, the whole spirit. But to believe that the reverse of all this must in itself be happiness is to have little experience indeed of life, with all its varieties, of pain and disappointment, of blighted hopes, of unavailing repentance.

Some who have never known what it is to possess riches, believe that the power of dispensing them must, and does bring happiness; but in vain does 'the widow's heart sing for joy' if no chord in the breast of her benefactor echoes to the sound of her rejoicings, if he feels that there are evils much worse than poverty. If personal regrets have closed the heart to sympathy, he may be beneficent, but the blessings of beneficence do not return upon him.

TRANSPARENT HYPOCRISY.

When, upon a late occasion, the duty devolved upon the Legislature of electing Trustees to the University of the State the K. N. members charged that the Democrats had held a caucus for the purpose of selecting nominees. They raised a terrible din about the ears of the Democracy over this alleged outrage. What! take the University under the wings of a party! Who ever heard the like before? What sacrilege! Among the most clamorous of those who affected such horror of *party* having any thing to do with the University, Messrs. Dockery and Pool, of the Senate, were pre-eminently conspicuous. And yet, these very gentlemen had been (possibly still were) members of an oath bound order, which made it their *sworn duty* to do this same thing! The following is the 2d section of the 8th article of the Constitution of the K. N. State Council of North Carolina:

"SEC. 2.—In the selection of candidates for *offices to be filled by the General Assembly*, the following method shall be preserved viz:

"For United States Senators, Secretary of State, Treasurer, Comptroller, *Superintendent of Common Schools*, Judges of the Supreme and Superior Courts, Attorney General, and Solicitors, and *all other* offices now provided, or hereafter created by law, whose appointment devolve on the General Assembly, a majority of the State Council shall decide upon the candidate to be supported by the Order."

The Constitution of the Order of which they were sworn members required them to obey the behests of their secret council in the election of "Superintendent of Common Schools' and "ALL OFFICES TO BE FILLED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY." And yet they affect a profund horror of the thing if done by *Democrats!*

We are not now defending these politico-literary nominations, (for we do not know whether any caucus for the purpose was held by the Democrats,) but exposing the inconsistency of *Know Nothings* who pretend to be greatly horrified thereat.

PUBLIC MEETING.

At a meeting of the citizens of Elizabeth City, held in the Court-house, on the 23d inst., L. D. Starke, Esq., was called to the Chair, and John Williams appointed Secretary. The object of the meeting was stated by the Chair, to be, for the purpose of taking into consideration the condition of the poor of the town and its vicinity, and devising means for the alleviation of their sufferings.

On motion of Wm. H. Clarke, a committee of three, to be styled executive, were appointed by the Chair. The following were appointed, viz:—Wm. H. Clarke, Wm. F. Martin and Jos. H. Pool.

On motion of same, a committee of five, one from each ward, viz:—Jas. W. Hinton, Thos. D. Knox, W. W. Williams, Peter Copes and C. W. Grandy, Jr., was appointed by the Chair to find out such as may be in a suffering condition, and to collect funds, which funds through the executive committee are to be applied as occasion may require.

Moved by Wm. F. Martin, Esq., that the corporate authorities be requested to co-operate with the meeting by making an appropriation from the Town treasury to be expended under the direction of the said corporate authorities; and that the Chairman be requested to communicate this resolution to the Mayor of the Town.

Moved by Jas. W. Hinton that the proceedings of the meeting be published in the papers of the town.

On motion of A. L. Jones, the meeting adjourned.

L. D. STARKE, Chm'n.

JNO. WILLIAMS, Sec'y.

NO MAIL YET.

Up to last night we had received no mail for more than a week, but a gentleman came through yesterday who informs us that the harbor at Norfolk is entirely blocked up, and that persons are passing over it on the ice. It is understood, however, that a hack, with the mails, will leave Portsmouth for this place to-day.

☞ We understand that Currituck Sound is frozen entirely over, and that double-horse sleighs are safely running upon the ice.

MASCULINE INDEPENDENCE.

Masculine independence of mind I hold to be in reality the first requisite for the formation of a character of real manly worth. The man who suffers himself to be deceived and carried away by his own weakness may be a very amiable person in other respects, but cannot be called a good man. Such beings should not find favor in the eys of a woman; for a truly beautiful and purely feminine nature should be attracted only by what is highest and noblest in the character of man.

SHADES OF TWILIGHT.

BY ROBERT G. ALLISON.

Shades of twilight, softly stealing
O'er the sober face of day,
Half concealing, half revealing
Each successive fading ray,
Ye awake to lonely musing
My tried spirit clogged with clay,
O'er my senses joy diffusing,
While ye veil the face of day.
When on earth my mission ending,
I shall calmly sink to rest,
May Heaven's twilight soft descending,
Guide me to mansions of the blest!

FLORENCE EMERSON; OR THE YOUNG WIDOW.

BY VIRGINIA DE FORREST.

'Florence!' cried Jessie Lawson, bursting into her cousin's boudoir, one morning—'Florence Emerson, Harry says you are engaged to George Langford!'

'Well, cousin, if I were, have you any objections?'

'Objections! Why, Floy, he is old enough'—

'Just thirty-nine, cousin Jessie.'

'Thirty-nine!' and a widower, with two children! But it is a mistake of Harry's: you are not really going to marry him, are you?'

'I expect so,' said Florence, quietly.

'Well, I give you up. You, Florence Emerson, the belle of the season, with a large fortune; you, the beauty and heiress, with lovers, beaux, offers without end or number, to throw yourself away upon a poor widower with two children, and no fortune except in his profession. Oh! Floy, I thought you had more sense.—What are you thinking of?'

'Why, Jessie, you are wasting your eloquence. George Langford is handsome!'

'Granted.'

'Talented!'

'Granted, again.'

'He loves me!'

'So do fifty others.'

'And, last of all, my strongest argument, I love him!'

'Well, I suppose you will marry him in spite of my disapproval, so I wish you joy, and hope he'll never hold up Mrs. Langford first as a pattern to Mrs. Langford second.'

'If Mrs. Langford first was a model for me, I will follow in her footsteps.'

'Well, well, there's one comfort. Willie and Edith are very pretty children, and too young to rebel at a new mamma, I believe. How old are they exactly, Floy?'

'Willie is four, Edith three.'

'Keep you busy, the care of two such babies.'

Florence Emerson and Jessie Lawson were cousins, and had, until Jessie's marriage, been almost like sisters. Jessie, who was two years the elder, was a gay, lively blonde, vain, and pretty. Florence was a tall, stately beauty, with large dark eyes, black hair, and features like a Greek statue. She was an orphan, and, as Jessie said, an heiress.

George Langford was a lawyer of some standing. Handsome, talented, but grave and quiet in his manners; devotedly attached to Florence, but he was thirty-nine, and a widower! Jessie's sentiments were echoed by all Florence's circle of friends when her engagement was known. She, so beautiful, young, talented, and wealthy! She always was different from other girls, they said. So, after a few days, the matter ceased to be discussed, and some new wonder of the fashionable world took its place.

Florence had been married just two years, when it became necessary for Mr Langford to go to Paris; his stay was to be very short, so he concluded not to take Florence. She was fond of home, had won the love of both children, and in return loved them fondly, and with their society, her home duties, and a promised visit to Jessie, through the time of her husband's absence might be made to pass pleasantly. But when the hour of departure came, when his trunk stood waiting in the hall, and he came to say farewell, the whole aspect of things seemed changed. Florence felt that her dearest treasure was leaving her; all looked dark and a vague presentiment of evil filled her soul.

'Why, Florence, you are white as a corpse,' cried George in a frightened tone. 'I thought you had arranged gayeties without number to occupy you while your grave old husband was away. Cheer up, Floy; I shall be gone only a short time.'

'Oh, George, I did not realize it till now. What can I do without you?'

'You will visit Jessie, take Willie and Edith into the country, and—and—oh, you had a whole list of pleasures arranged. The carriage is here. Good by, Florence.'

Florence tried to speak, but the words died on her lips. She grasped his hand, while her eyes filled with tears, and then let him go.

All her pleasures were forgotten as she watched the carriage rolling from the door, and she only remembered how lonely she would be without him; she looked back upon two years of such perfect happines that it seemed less like reality than a pleasant dream. Long she stood at the window watching, as if she expected him to return, but the voices of the children roused her, and she stifled her own grief, and went to amuse and comfort them. Willie thought papa was "real unkind" not to tak them; while Edith clung close to Florences and hoped papa would be safe on the 'deep water.'

Jessie Lawson and Florence Langford were seated in the piazza of the pleasant country-house they had hired for the season, conversing. Edith and Willie were romping with Rover on the grass, while over and anon their clear, joyous laughter mould make the ladies turn and smile.

'I forgive you now, Floy, for marrying George,' said Jessie, fondly. 'I think that, if he had asked me, and I could have looked into the future, I should have done just as you did.'

At that instant, Jessie felt a hand laid on her shoulder, and, looking up, saw her husband; his face was very grave, and his whole manner betokened that something serious had troubled him.

'Jessie,' he said, in a low tone, 'come into the parlor; I want to speak with you.'

'He is jealous,' whispered Jessie to Florence, as she rose to obey. 'Now for a matrimonial lecture!'

'Close the door, Jessie,' said Henry, when they entered the parlor. 'I do not wish Florence to hear what I have to say now. Poor Floy! we must break it gently to her!'

'Why, Harry, what is the matter?—George'—

'Yes. *The Eagle*, the vessel he sailed in, was wrecked, and but few escaped; a vessel going to Calcutta took a few of the passengers, but the rest were lost. George Langford's name is among the missing!'

Harry had forgotten the open window, and was startled to see Florence now standing in front of it. She was cold and pale as marble, her hands were tightly clenched, her teeth set, and her whole frame rigid and motionless. Harry sprang to her side, and took her hand to lead her in. The touch broke her stupor, and, with a slight shudder, she fell fainting to the ground.

For weeks, Florence Langford lay between life and death; fever and delirium succeeded her death-like trance, and her life was despaired of. A strong constitution, however, triumphed, and she recovered; but oh, how altered! The pale, thin face, seen now under a close widow's cap, was so wan and sad that few would have recognized the once blooming Florence.

Her sole comfort, now, seemed to lie in the children, *his* children. She would hardly allow them out of her sight, and her whole time was spent in instructing and amusing them.

Florence Langford had been a widow just one year. It was a bright summer's day, and she sat in the same little parlor where she had first heard of her husband's loss. Willie and Edith were seated on the floor beside her, blowing soap-bubbles—Florence sat watching their innocent delight as the sun shone on the pretty globes, and reflected prismatic colors in them, and then her thoughts flew back over the last three years. Sadder and sadder grew the pale face, until Willie noticed it, and, leaving his play, went softly to her side; Edith knelt beside him, with her face laid caressingly against Florence's hand.

'Tell us about papa,' whispered Willie.

'When is papa coming back?' asked Edith. 'He stays so long.'

'Hush, Edith,' said Willie. 'Papa can never come back; he is dead.'

But Edith shook her head. She had always maintained that, as papa went away in a carriage, and said he would come back, and bring them pretty toys from Paris, he could not be dead.

Florence drew Edith upon her lap, and, throwing her arm round Willie, the three talked about papa for an hour; how much longer they would have remained in that position I cannot tell. Jessie interrupted them; her whole face was beaming with joy.

'Floy!' she whispered, kneeling on the stool at her cousin's feet, and untying her cap, 'take this off for a minute.'

'Why, Jessie?' asked Florence, suffering her to remove it.

'Because it is stiff and unbecoming,' said Jessie, who was loosening Floy's hair, and twisting it over her fingers into its old curls. 'You must never wear it again.'

'Dear Jessie, give it back to me. I shall always wear it.'

'But I say you shall never put it on again. Dear Florence, a widow's cap is needless now!'

'Jessie,' cried Florence, starting up, and looking eagerly into her cousin's face, while she trembled violently, 'what do you mean?'

'Can you bear the best of news, Floy?' said Jessie, softly. 'George'—

Jessie in answer threw open the door, and said gayly: 'Come in!' and, in another moment, Florence was in her husband's arms, and the two children were looking in a kind of joyful astonishment at their father.

All was soon explained. George Langford had been among the passengers taken to Calcutta, and had, from some mistake of the reporters, been put in the list of missing. Cold and exposure had brought on an attack of brain fever, and he had been very ill. As soon as he was able, he had started for home, but the voyage had taken several months; and, after reaching England, he was detained some days before starting for America. He was there at last, and a happier party never met than the one that evening at Oak Lodge, Mr. Lawson's country seat.—*Gody's Lady's Book.*

WOMEN OF JAPAN.

As might be imagined from the character of the government, woman plays no part in the history of Japan, though, allowing for Oriental usages, she is treated, on the whole, with tolerable leniency. She occupies a better position in the family from not entailing any charge at her marriage, as a bride receives no dowry, but, on the contrary, is presented by her husband with a handsome donation, which is invariably appropriated by her father. In Japan, therefore, it is considered more fortunate to have daughters than sons, as the former ultimately prove a very profitable investment. On the birth of a son, the event is commemorated by planting a tree, which, if the little stranger lives, is carefully tended to the day of his marriage, when it is cut down, and furnishes material for a chest, designed expressly to hold the wardrobe of the newly-wedded couple.—The marriage, as in China and Tartary, is an affair between the parents; and the wishes of the young people themselves are never consulted. The bride is usually in her fifteenth year; but maturity being early developed, wedlock may be contracted at a still younger age, and the mother is often a child herself. Marriage is a religious ceremony, and is celebrated with great pomp and many forms, in a public temple, in presence of the priests and idols, and the friends and kindred of both parties. The priest blackens the pearly teeth of the bride, using for this purpose the same indelible lacquer applied to coal-scuttles and other similar japan-ware; and this serves, from that time to her death, to notify, like the wedding-ring of Europe, that she has entered the marriage state.

A HAPPY HOME.—In a happy home there will be no fault-finding, no overbearing spirit—there will be no pecvishness. Unkindness will not dwell in the heart or be on the tongue. Oh, the tears, the sighs, the wasting of life, and health, and strength and time—of all that is most to be desired in a home, occasioned by unkind words.—The celebrated Mr. Wesley remarked to this effect—namely, that fretting and scolding seemed like tearing the flesh from the bones, and that we have no more right to be guilty of this than we have to curse, or swear, or steal. In a perfectly happy home, all selfishness will be removed. Even as 'Christ pleased not himself,' so among the members of a happy home, all selfishness will be removed. Even as 'Christ pleased not himself,' so the members of a happy home, will not seek first to please themselves, but to please each other.

Cheerfulness is another ingredient in a happy home. How much does a sweetness emanating from a heart fraught with love and kindness, contribute to render a home happy. How attracting, how soothing is that sweet cheerfulness that is borne on the countenance of a wife and mother.

How the parent and child, the brother and sister, the mistress, and servant, with delight on those cheerful looks, confiding smiles that beam from and burst from the inmost soul, who are dear and near. How on the return of the father—lightens of the mother—renders it more both to resist temptation, and the cords of affection, how it with loving hearts to return to roof.

Oh, that parents would lay to heart—that by uniting would so far render home happy, children and domestics shall happiness in forbidden paths.

EXHIBITING THIEVES.—The New Chief of Police has adopted the fixing placards upon the breasts of notorious thieves, burglars pockets, on which is printed, ters, the nature of the offence they have been convicted. They marched through the streets, and public exhibition.

STEAM MILL.

THE ELIZABETH CITY STEAM now in good order, and in oper der my superintendence. Patrons may be assured that justice will be and they need have no fear of having home without their grist, except in cident.

J. N. PE

jan 20-3t

NOTICE

FOUND on shore at Powell's Po the 5th day of January, 1857, a la 50 feet long and 12 feet wide. A son having lost one, can apply to scriber, pay expenses, and take he

SAM'L L. ETHERI

jan 20.—3t

DEDICATION.

The new Methodist Church in E will be dedicated, by divine per the 4th Sabbath in this month. Lee, of Richmond, and Rev. Mr. of Norfolk, will officiate on the oc

A most cordial invitation, to these exercises, is extended to the at large.

C. B. REDDICK, P

Jan. 20, 1857.

Farmers' Bank of North Caro

A DIVIDEND OF 4½ PER CENT been declared from the nett ear the "Farmers' Bank of North Carolina months just preceding the 1st Janua payable to stockholders on and after th of February next.

Elizabeth City, Jan. 8, 1857.

NOTICE.

Valuable Real Estate For Sa

WILL BE SOLD, on the 21st day ary next, at public auction, for a that well-known and desirable Tract of the Dismal Swamp Canal, in Camden N. C., whereon the late Major Faranz resided. The sale to take place on the Terms made known on the day of sale.

BY THE O'N

Jan. 15, 1857-6t

☞ Sentinel copy.

$75 REWARD.

I WILL GIVE THE reward of $75 for the sion and delivery to confinement in any Jail him again, of my Negro MUS.

Primus is tolerably well grown is a light mulatto, has a bumish has a keen black eye; he is of age. He left me about the 1856. All persons are hereby warned hire or employ said negro on pain of the law.

W. Perquimans Co., N. C., Nov.

JUST RECEIVED.

Etherial Oil, Spirits Turpentine, Linseed Oil;

A superior article French Brandy;

Do do Madeira Wine;

Do do Rye Whiskey;

At Dr. SPEED'S Drug

Daily expected—A supply of

dec 23 Dr. SPEED'S

LOST OR MISLAID.

ONE Note drawn by Peter Copes in John Hoy for fifty dollars, day of April next. And the person from paying, or receiving will not be paid to any person except

A. H. CURR

E. City, Jan. 6th, 1857.—tf

JUST RECEIVED

A FINE ASSORTMENT of Pocket Cuttlery, Razors, Razor and Scissors at

DR. R. K. SPEED'S Drug S

E. City, Jan. 6th, 1857.

TWO VALUABLE FARMS FOR

THE UNDERSIGNED wishing to business offers at private sale FARMS known as the "Sutton and Farms,' on "Turkey Ridge" in Pe County, N.C.

For beauty and rich land both of Farms equal if not surpass any in the part of North Carolina. The part of Farms under cultivation is very productive desirable to the Farmer. An opportu purchasing land of *such extra* quality is offered. The first tract contains about HUNDRED ACRES, the second FIVE DRED and over. Both of the said Farms be converted into one if required. The on them two good tenements and out buildings, and convenient to two Landings for shipping. It lies in a compact body, but be easily divided into several tracts.

All persons wishing to examine the land respectfully invited to call and see for themselves. The undersigned will take pleasure in showing and showing the land.

I will offer for sale upon liberal terms provided such security as required be given.

W. A. MURR

Woodville, Nov. 25, 1856.

TO THE PUBLIC.

IN RETIRING FROM BUSINESS, AS the late firm of Saunders & Turner, gists in this place, I return my sincere knowledgements to the public for the patronage which they have extended to would bespeak the kind consideration public for my successor, Dr. R. K. Speed has secured the services of Mr. Poor, member of the Baltimore School of macy, whose knowledge of his profession polite deportment, cannot fail to please may give him a call.

J. W. TURN

DR. R. K. SPEED

WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM friends and the public that he has chased the stock of Drugs, Medicines, Paints Oils, Glass, Putty, Fancy Articles, &c., E. W. Saunders & Turner, and will contin ue the business at their old stand. Road E. City, N. C., and pledges himself at all to keep a complete assortment of genuine and Medicines, and to sell them upon as modating terms as articles of like purity purchased in any market south of Philad

I have the pleasure to inform the public I have engaged the services of Mr. John W late of Baltimore, Md., and a member Baltimore School of Pharmacy—a gen every way competent to take charge of an lishment of the kind, who will give his attention to the compounding of all prescr and putting up of medicines sent from tablishment. Mr. Pool will be found in the store, and will take pleasure in att any calls that may be made for prescri any hour of the night.

E. City, N. C., Dec. 16, 1856.

N. B.—Dr. Speed has removed his Drug Store, where all calls for him will with prompt attention. Private room in store.

State Library

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT IN ELIZABETH CITY!

THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING PERMANently located in Elizabeth City, for the purpose of carrying on the *TAILORING* BUSINESS in all its branches, solicits the patronage of the public. He will keep on hand a stock of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, &c. Shop on the water, in the house formerly occupied by Dr. Gregory.

HENRY SCHLENK.

9-1y.

SURVEYING.—The undersigned offers his services to the citizens of Pasquotank and the public in general, as SURVEYOR. Charges will be moderate, and all surveys will be accompanied with a plot. He may be found at Nixonton, or when absent, orders can be left with R. F. Overman or Wm. F. Keaton.

WM. A. MULLEN.

Nixonton, Oct. 28, 1856—10t.

LOST OR MISLAID.

HAVE EITHER LOST OR MISLAID THE following notes, to wit: One note vs. Jas. Sykes and Elsbery Riddick for seventy-five dollars with interest from Jan. 1st. 1854, for a negro man Wells for the year 1853; said note payable to the undersigned as guardian for A. Riddick. One other note vs. Josiah White and Timothy Billups for seventy-six dollars and fifty cents payable as above, due 1st., 1855; said note given for the hire of a negro man Wells, for the year 1854. One other note vs. John H. Perry et als., for one hundred and thirty-one dollars, payable as above, due Jan. 1st, 1857—said note given for the hire of the said negro man Wells for the year 1856. One other note vs. John Small and Edward Small for one hundred and twenty dollars, payable as above—due Jan. 1st, 1857; said note given for the hire of negro boy Oliver for the year 1856. And one other note vs. John Nixon and Z. Nixon and Reuben Nixon for one hundred and twenty-eight dollars, given to the undersigned as Administrator of Wm. Albertson, dec'd., Jan. 1st. 1854.

All persons are forewarned against trading for any person or persons for any of the above named and described notes. And the drawers of said notes are hereby forbidden to pay any part of the said notes to any one except the undersigned.

Jan. 5, 1856—3t§ JOB CARVER.

NOTICE.

All persons indebted to the estate of Keeling Whitehurst dec'd, are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned; and those having claims against said estate are required to present them to the undersigned, properly authenticated, for payment, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery.

WM. WOOD, Adm'r.

1856—6pd.

PAY YOUR DEBTS.

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO ME EITHER by note or account, will please come forward and settle the same by the first of March, or I shall put the claims in the hands of an officer for collection. I shall be found at home and stand in Nixonton until the first of January, and then I shall put my notes and accounts in the hands of Wm. F. Keaton, who will be authorized to count dollars and cents for me, and receive the highest cash price for all kind of produce in the settlement of my books.

I will be also on the 25th of December, the disposition of my stock of GOODS at Auction, being Thursday, new Christmas.

JNO. H. KENYON.

Nixonton, Dec 2, 1856—3m.

Albemarle Sentinel copy 2m. and send bill to me.

NOTICE.

The Subscriber having established himself at Little River Bridge, near Woodville, N. C., is prepared to make up all kinds of Cabinet Ware to order, and to do every description of Turning, at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms.

He has on hand a large supply of Mahogany, Cherry, Poplar, Walnut and other materials for Coffins. Also, a fine selection of Metal Trimmings. A neat hearse, gentle horse and careful driver, will be furnished when desired.

CALEB SIKES

Jan 5—1855—tf.

PAPER HANGING, UPHOLSTERY, AND CARPET WAREHOUSE.

W. A. WALTERS is now receiving his Spring Stock of Goods, which will be found complete in this line.

PAPER HANGINGS.

Marble and Common Window Shades, Curtain Papers, &c.

OIL CLOTHS AND MATTINGS.

Of all widths and at all prices—Gold, Landscape and Plain Shades, with Trimmings.

CARPETINGS.

Tapestry three-ply, superfine, ingrain, and common Carpets; Rugs, Mats and Mats; table and floor Oil Cloths, of all widths; Canton and Cocoa Mattings. Also, other articles too numerous to mention—which he offers at the lowest prices. Call at No. 25, Main street, Norfolk.

WM. A. WALTERS,

Upholsterer and Paper Hanger.

☞All work in his line executed in the neatest manner by practical workmen.

W. A. W.

LARGE FARMS FOR SALE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WISHING to change his business offers for sale his two farms, known as the Ballentine and Edney Farms on Green Sea, in the county of Norfolk, the first containing about 800 acres, of which there is 350 cleared and in a high state of cultivation. The other containing about 500 acres, of which 250 cleared, all of which land is well timbered and producing from 12 to 16 barrels of corn per acre, and is also well adapted to the growth of wheat. Both of the said farms may be divided into one; having on them three sets of improvements and out-buildings and good well water, and convenient to a good school: There is on the said land a large quantity of pine and poplar and pine timber, and in about two and a half miles of the Chesapeake and Albemarle Canal, now under construction, and about two and a half miles from Indian Creek, a branch of the north west river, and one of the best landings for stock in the country. There will be made at this time about 4000 Bbls. of corn on the said lands, and a considerable quantity of new land to come in. Any one wishing to purchase can examine the same by applying to the overseer on the premises; any one wishing information are referred to Nathan Overton, Elizabeth City, N. C.; Col. Jno. B. Jones, Edenton; J. N. Ball, esq., Great Bridge, and Commission Merchant Jno. James, Norfolk, Va. Also to Marmaduke Cartwright, Elizabeth City, N. C. Terms accommodating.

GEO. A. WILSON,

Great Bridge, Va.

THIS LITTLE GIANT PATENT CORN AND COB MILL,

PATENTED MAY 16TH, 1854.

The attention of Planters, Farmers, and Stock-feeders in general, is respectfully called to this Mill as the most important article of the kind in use; not only well adapted for Cob Meal for Stock, but Grits for the table and especially Bread Meal from corn not perfectly dry in the fall.

In using this Mill, no mechanic or frame work is necessary, only requiring to be fastened to a floor or platform. Easily adjusted and used by a child.

THE LITTLE GIANT has received the first premium at the late Agricultural Fair of Mississippi, Kentucky, Maryland, Virginia, and other States, and that in the most complimentary manner as well as the most ready commendation from the thousands witnessing its performance.

The Mills are guaranteed in the most positive manner; and No. 2 warranted to grind 10 bushels of feed per hour with one horse and other mills in low price of $44, all complete, readily reaching the team,—No. 4 at $66 grinds 15 bushels per hour with 2 horses.

Orders sent in Norfolk, Va.

BORUM & McCLEAN,

Agents at Head Quarter, No. 11, Wide Water St.

JUST OPENED this morning at the BEE HIVE a beautiful assortment of Bonnet Ribbons. Please to call the season.

JAMES SMITH,

No. 33, Main Street, Norfolk, Va.

IRON, STEEL, AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY, &c.

THE subscriber offers for sale, at his Depot, No. 15, Water Street,

100 tons American, English and Swedes Iron from ⅜ to 12 inches wide and from ¼ to 4 inches round and square.

10 tons Oval half Oval and half round.

5 do Hoops, Screws and Bands.

5 do American and Eng. Blister, German, Spring.

Bellows, Anvils, Vices, Stocks and Dies, hand and sledge Hammers, Borax, Cast Back and Tire Irons, Files, Rasps, Axes, Hatchets, Wedges, Grubbing, Hilling and Weeding Hoes, Spades, Shovels, Forks, Rakes, &c.

150 kegs Cut Nails, assorted sizes.

50 do Wrought Spikes from 3 to 10 inches.

Trace Chains, Whiffle Trees, Ox Chains, Ox Yokes, Yoke Irons, Bows and Pins.

PLOWS.

For one, two, three and four horses, embracing the largest variety, and greatest assortment, North or South. 50 tons Plow Castings, embracing Mould Boards, Land Sides and Shares to suit, with a very large stock of the following goods, Harrows, Cultivators, Drills, Corn Shellers, Straw Cutters, Hominy Mills, Corn and Cob Crushers, Corn Planters, Seed Sowers, Hay Presses, Wheat Thrashers, Horse Powers, Field Rollers, Coopers Lime and Guano Spreaders, Carts, Waggons, Drays, Wheel and Garden Barrows, Carriage and Waggon Boxes, Horse Shoes, &c., with every other implement that can be adesired of the best conducted Farm.

For premium Plows, Harrows, Cultivators, Straw Cutters, and all other reliable goods, send your orders to have them filled—promptly, and at low prices, to

nov 25 S. MARCH.

VICTORY! VICTORY!! THE BEE HIVE VICTORIOUS!

ACKNOWLEDGED by all that the Bee Hive is the place to buy Dry Goods, Mantillas, Carpetings, Mattings, &c.

Just opened this day, 500 yards of wide and heavy black Silks, for $1.

1,000 yards ditto, (8 yards enough for a dress) $1,25.

Besides these, are to be found at the "Hive" Black Silks, at 50, 62½, 75, and 87½ cents per yard, and $1.50, $2,50, and $3,50—the most complete assortment, and at such prices!

Colored Silks, in plaids, stripes, plain, &c., all prices, from 50 cents per yard to $3 per yd; embracing every color, quality, and style.

An examination of the Silk stock will satisfy any one that the Bee Hive is the place to get a good Silk Dress cheap. Besides this, there can be found every thing usually kept in the best assorted stock, North or South.

The Proprietor, devoting his whole time to the purchase of goods for this market, is enabled to avail himself of all the opportunities for buying cheap. These are facts which the prices will prove.

Come one—come all!

JAMES SMITH,

my 13 33 Main Street, Norfolk, Va

FOR SALE.

The subscriber offers for sale, privately, on very accommodating terms, the staunch and strong schooner SARAH ANN, now in excellent sailing order. Apply to Henry Culpepper, or to the subscriber on board.

JEROME SIMMONS.

Eliz. City, Feb 5, 1856.

MILLINERY, &C, At Woodville, Perquimans Co., N. C.

THE Subscriber has just received from the North a superb stock of Millinery, consisting of Bonnets, Trimmings, Laces, Ribbons, &c., to which she invites the attention of the ladies of this and the adjoining counties. Her prices are moderate—at least one-half less than the usual profits—and her goods cannot be surpassed in the District. She is desirous to close out her Spring Fashions as early as possible, and therefore offers great bargains. Call early and examine for yourselves. MRS. E SIKES.

WOODVILLE, May 1 , '56. tf

A RARE CHANCE.

FOR RENT, LEASE, OR SALE.—A very valuable Farm, situated on Broad Creek, four miles from Norfolk by land, containing 175 acres—ninety cleared.

It is a very healthy location, and the land is of superior quality for truckING, or raising corn, oats, &c. well drained and under good enclosure, and well with Juniper Rails. It has a good dwelling and all necessary out buildings.

There are about 100 heads of Manure on the place. The Wood Landing is not more than half a mile to these quarters from the landing. Possession given Nov. 1st.

Apply to

oct 28—3m W. S. FORREST, Norfolk, Va.

2,180 ACRES OF VALUABLE LAND FOR SALE,

In the counties of Norfolk, Princess Anne, Nansemond, Albemarle, Hanover and King William, Va., and in Currituck, N. C.

COMPRISING ten valuable FARMS, each with an excellent Dwelling, Out Buildings, &c. For further particulars apply to

J. B. DEY,

Commission Merchant and real estate Agent,

No. 17, Wide Water St., Norfolk

aug 26 and Ocean House, Portsmouth

HOUSE CARPENTERS.

ALLYN, ROSE & CAPPS,

HAVE just received a sample lot of very superior full size Planes, from a new maker—celebrated for their superiority of finish as well as size and weight. Consisting of the following:

Bench Planes, Box Wood do., Match do.,

Hollows and Rounds do., Double Box Wood Smooth do.

With many other patterns of Planes, and a large variety of **General House Carpenters Hardware.**

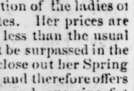
Call and see us. dec 18

"WAIT FOR THE WAGON!"

NO GO, NO PAY.

I HAVE TAKEN THIS METHOD TO inform my friends, as well as the public generally, that I have taken the office belonging to Jos. H. Pool, Esq., one door east of the Court-house, for the purpose of repairing

Clocks, Watches, and Jewelry.



For every clock or watch of ordinary good quality, that fails to perform and run well, (after a sufficient trial has been given) I will refund the money. You shall either have *time* or the money refunded.

☞Give me a trial, and I will render you entire satisfaction.

J. M POOL.

E. City, Dec. 23, 1856.

New Watch Making Establishment.

THE UNDERSIGNED INTENDING to make Elizabeth City their permanent residence, are prepared to repair Watches and Clocks of any description, and will do every thing in their power to give satisfaction. Work done with the greatest despatch and warranted. JEWELRY mended in a substantial, durable and elegant manner. Ladies and gentlemen are requested to give them a trial. A share of public patronage will be thankfully received. Please to call at the store formerly occupied by Col. Cook, dec'd.

W. GEORGE SARTORIUS & BRO.

E. City, Oct. 14, 1856.

FROM FRANCE.

The largest assortment of Counterpanes, all sizes, of entirely new patterns, which will be sold cheap. Prices running from $3,50 to $10. The Bee Hive is the place.

JAMES SMITH,

mh 25 33 Main street Norfolk.

NOTICE.

The undersigned would inform the citizens of Eliz. City and surrounding country, that he is prepared to do PLASTERING in all of its branches, both plain and ornamental—consisting of cornices, plain and ivy, centre-pieces of all kinds, panel enrichments, &c. Also, brick work done with care.

☞All jobs in the country will meet with prompt attention, by addressing

F. V. HOSKINS.

Eliz. City, Feb. 19, 1856

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Sam'l W. Forebee, dec'd, are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned; and all persons having claims against said estate, are requested to present them to the undersigned, duly authenticated, for payment, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery.

C. C. WILLIAMS, Ex'or.

nov. 4, 1856—8t

BALTIMORE LOCK HOSPITAL.

DOCTOR JOHNSTON,

THE founder of this Celebrated Institution, offers the most certain, speedy, and only effectual remedy in the world for Gleets, Strictures, Seminal weakness, Pains in the Loins, Constitutional Debility, Impotency, Weakness of the Back and Limbs, Affections of the Kidneys, Palpitation of the Heart, Dyspepsia, Nervous Irritability, Disease of the Head, Throat, Nose or Skin; and all those serious and melancholy Disorders arising from the destructive habits of Youth, which destroy both body and mind. These secret and solitary practices are more fatal to their victims than the song of the Syrens to the mariners Ulysses, blighting their most brilliant hopes of anticipations, rendering marriage, &c., impossible.

YOUNG MEN

especially, who have become the victims of Solitary Vice, that dreadful and destructive habit, which annually sweeps to an untimely grave thousands of young men of the most exalted talents and brilliant intellects, who might otherwise have entranced listening Senates with the thunders of eloquence, or waked to ecstacy the living lyre, may call with all confidence.

Marriage.

Married persons, or Young Men contemplating mafriage, being aware of physical weakness, organic debility, deformities, &c, should immediately consult Dr. Johnston, and be restored to perfect health.

He who places himself under the care of Dr. Johnston, may religiously confide in his honor as a gentleman, and confidently rely upon his skill as a Physician.

Organic Weakness

immediately cured and full vigor restored.

This disease is the penalty most frequently paid by those who have become the victims of improper indulgencies. Young persons are too apt to commit excesses from not being aware of the dreadful consequences that may ensue.—Now, who that understands the subject will pretend to deny that the power of Procreation is lost sooner by those falling into improper habits than by the prudent? Besides being deprived of the pleasure of healthy offspring, the most serious and destructive symptoms to both body and mind arise. The system becomes deranged; the physical and mental powers weakened, nervous debility, dyspepsia, palpitation of the heart, indigestion, a wasting of the frame, cough, symptoms of consumption, &c.

OFFICE—No. 7, South Frederick Street, Seven Doors from Baltimore St., East side, up the steps. ☞Be particular in observing the name and number, or you will mistake the place.

A Cure Warranted, or no Charge Made, in from One to Two Days.

NO MERCURY OR NAUSEOUS DRUGS USED.

DR. JOHNSTON,

Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London, Graduate from one of the most eminent Colleges of the United States, and the greater part of whose life has been spent in the Hospitals of London, Paris, Philadelphia, and elsewhere, has effected some of the most astonishing cures that were ever known. Many troubled with ringing in the ears and head when asleep, great nervousness, being alarmed at sudden sounds, and bashfulness, with frequent blushing, attended, sometimes, with derangement of mind, were cured immediately.

A Certain Disease.

When the misguided and imprudent votary of pleasure finds he has imbibed the seeds of this painful disease, it too often happens that an ill-timed sense of shame, or dread of discovery, deters him from applying to those who from education and respectability, can alone befriend him, delaying till the constitutional symptoms of this horrid disease make their appearance, such as ulcerated sore throat, diseased nose, nocturnal pains in the head and limbs, dimness of sight, deafness, nodes on the shin bones and arms, blotches on the head, face and extremities, progressing with frightful rapidity, till at last the palate of the mouth or the bones of the nose fall in, and the victim of this awful disease becomes a horrid object of commiseration. Till death puts a period to his dreadful sufferings, by sending him to 'that bourne from whence no traveler returns.' To such therefore Dr. Johnston pledges himself to preserve the most inviolable secrecy, and from his extensive practice in the first Hospitals of Europe and America, he can confidently recommend a safe and speedy cure to the unfortunate victims of this horrid disease.

It is a melancholy fact, that thousands fall victims to this dreadful disease, owing to the unskillfulness of ignorant pretenders, who, by the use of that dreadful poison, mercury, ruin the constitution, and either send the unfortunate sufferer to an untimely grave, or else make the residue of his life miserable.

Take Particular Notice!

Dr. J. addresses all those who have injured themselves by improper indulgencies and solitary habits which ruin both body and mind, unfitting them for either Business, Study, Society or Marriage.

These are some of the sad and melancholy effects produced by early habits of youth, viz:—Weakness of the Back and Limbs, Pains in the Head, Dimness of Sight, Loss of Muscular Power, Palpitation of the Heart, Dyspepsia, Nervous Irritability, Derangement of the Digestive Functions, General Debility, Symptoms of Consumption, &c.

MENTALLY.—The fearful effects upon the mind are much to be dreaded; loss of memory, Confusion of ideas, Depression of Spirits, Forebodings of Evil, Aversion of Society, Self-Distrust, Love of Solitude, Timidity, etc., are some of the evils produced.

Thousands of persons of all ages can now judge what is the cause of their declining health. Losing their vigor, becoming weak, pale and emaciated, having a singular appearance about the eyes, cough and symptoms of consumption.

Dr. Johnston's Invigorating Remedy for Organic Weakness.

By this great and important remedy, weakness of the organs are speedily cured, and full vigor restored. Thousands of the most nervous and debilitated, who had lost all hope, have been immediately relieved. All Impediments to Marriage, Physical or Mental Disqualification, Nervous Irritability, Tremblings and Weakness, or exhaustion of the most fearful kind, speedily cured by Doctor Johnston.

Young Men,

Who have injured themselves by a Certain Practice, indulged in when alone—a habit frequently learned from evil companions, or at school—the effects of which are nightly felt, even when asleep, and if not cured renders marriage impossible, and destroys both mind and body, should apply immediately.

What a pity that a young man, the hope of his country, and the darling of his parents, should be snatched from all prospects and enjoyments of life, by the consequences of deviating from the path of nature, and indulging in a certain secret habit. Such persons before contemplating

Marriage,

should reflect that a sound mind and body are the most necessary requisites to promote connubial happiness. Indeed, without these, the journey through life becomes a weary pilgrimage, the prospects hourly darkens to the view; the mind becomes shadowed with despair and filled with the melancholy reflection that the happiness of another becomes blighted with our own.

OFFICE No. 7 SOUTH FREDERICK ST. *Baltimore, Md.*

ALL SURGICAL OPERATIONS PERFORMED.

N. B.—Let no false modesty prevent you, but apply immediately either personally or by letter.

☞Skin diseases speedily cured.

To Strangers.

The many thousands cured at this institution within the last 16 years, and the numerous important Surgical operations performed by Dr. J., witnessed by the Reporters of the papers and many other persons, notices of which appeared again and again before the public, is a sufficient guarantee that the afflicted will find a skilful and honorable physician.

DR. JOHNSTON is the only regular Physician advertising to cure private complaints.—His remedies and treatment are entirely unknown to others. Prepared from a life spent in the great hospitals of Europe and the first in this country, viz: England, France, the Blockley of Philadelphia, &c., and a more extensive practice than any other Physician in the world. His many wonderful cures and most important Surgical operations are a sufficient guarantee to the afflicted. Those who wish to be speedily and effectually relieved, should shun the numerous trifling impostors, who only ruin their health, and apply to him.

Take Notice.

☞There are so many ignorant and worthless Quacks advertising themselves as Physicians, ruining the health of the already afflicted, that Dr. Johnston deems it necessary to say, especially to those unacquainted with his reputation, that his credentials or diplomas always hang in his office.

☞No letters received unless post-paid, and containing a stamp to pre-pay the reply.

Jan. 4, 1857.

BUSINESS CARDS.

DANIEL STIRN. AUGUST STIRN

STIRN BROTHERS,

Manufacturers of Grand and Square Pianos,

No. 109, Camden street,

opposite the B. & O. R. R. Depot, Baltimore, Md.

☞Refer to J. C. Ehringhaus, George A. Williams, Esqrs., and Mr. Saratorious.

☞Orders from the country promptly attended to. 1yr

WM. SIMMONS. D. D. SIMMONS

D. D. SIMMONS & BRO.,

GENERAL COMMISSION & FORWARDING MERCHANTS,

NORFOLK, VA.

CHARLES L. LOWTHER,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW

GATESVILLE, N. C.

WILL attend all the Courts of Gates, Hertford, Chowan, Perquimans and Pasquotank counties.

Business in either of the above counties faithfully attended to. jan 24

J. H. WHITEHURST'S ELECTRO DAGUERREOTYPES.

GALLERIES.

207 Baltimore Street, Baltimore.

77 Main Street, Richmond, Va.

Main Street, Norfolk, Va.

Sycamore Street, Petersburg, Va.

Sycamore Street, Lynchburg, Va.

☞Likenesses taken boually well in all weather. aug 6

W. GEORGE GRANBERY,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

HAVING removed to Currituck County, will attend all the Courts of Perquimans, Pasquotank, Camden and Currituck Counties. All business entrusted to his hands will receive prompt attention.

☞Office at Currituck Court-house.

dec 11—1y

F. W. SEABURY,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

BOOTS, SHOES, TANNKS, LEATHER, &c, &c, &c.

No. 13 Market Square,

Norfolk, Va.

KEEPS constantly on hand an extensive assortment of goods. The front store being appropriated for Ladies,' Misses' and Children's fine retail Shoes; the centre for Trunks, Valises, and Carpet Bags; the back store for Plantation Boots and Brogues; the upper stories for wholesale goods, Leather, and the Boot and Shoe Manufactory.

N. B. Particular attention paid to keeping good qualities Plantation Boots and Brogans in great variety. aug 31

HARDWARE

SOUTHERN IMPORTING ESTABLISHMENT.

ALLYN, ROSE & CAPPS,

Head of the Square, Sign of the Saws.

ASK the attention of merchants of Virginia and North Carolina to their large and selected stock of HARDWARE, imported directly from Europe, and purchased from the most extensive manufacturers in this country, upon as reasonable terms as similar goods can be purchased in the Northern or Eastern cities, and better adapted to the wants of the Southern public.

Norfolk, Sept 23

E. P. TABB & CO.,

NORFOLK, VA.,

HAVE removed their stock of *HARDWARE, CUTLERY, GUNS, GRATES, BLACKSMITH & CARPENTERS' TOOLS, CASTINGS, &c., &c.*, to the store formerly occupied by Messrs. Paul, Pegram & Co., and recently by Messrs. Herman & Co., East corner of Market square and Main street, where they will be pleased to see their old friends and customers. Their stock will present to country merchants inducements which will not fail to be appreciated. sep 23—15t

A. A. GWALTNEY & CO.,

Wholesale Furniture and Piano Forte Dealers,

NORFOLK, VA.

Will keep constantly on hand a large assortment of Furniture and Piano Fortes, French, German and American; Plate Mirrors, Portrait Frames, &c.

aug 12—1y

J. B. DEY,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,

NORFOLK, VA.

Will give his unremitting attention to all consignments entrusted to his care.

☞Will buy and sell real estate, Mortgages, and Land Warrants, &c., on commission.

aug 12—1y

CHOWAN COLLEGE.

THE 3rd session of this institution will open September 8th, 1856.

Board of Instruction:

JAMES A. DELKE, *Principal.*

GEORGE T. MORGAN, 1st Assistant.

CHARLES C. RAWLS, 2d Assistant.

Terms per Session of 20 weeks:

Tuition in Primary Department,	$10,00
" Academic "	16,00
" Collegiate "	20,00
Contingent fee,	1,00
Board per session,	50,00

Q. H. TROTMAN, Pres. B'd Trustees.

J. A. DELKE, Sec. pro tem.

Reynoldson, N. C.

Chowan Female Collegiate Institute.

MURFREESBORO,' N. C.

THE exercises of this Institution will re-commence on the first Wednesday in October next, under the direction of the following board of Officers:

REV. W. HOOPER, LL. D., President,

Mental and Moral Philosophy and Belles Letters.

REV. A. MCDOWELL, A. M.,

Mathematics and Natural Science.

MRS. MARY H. MCDOWELL,

Academic Department and Higher English.

MISS L. R. MORSE,

French and Latin Languages.

MR. OTTO SPIAR,

Music and Languages.

MISS SUSAN J BAKER,

PIANO.

MISS ELLA ANDERSON,

Piano, Guitar.

MRS. ANNIE PUCKRIDGE.

Drawing and Painting.

MR. B. A. SPIERS & LADY,

Domestic Department.

MRS. ELIZABETH FLETCHER,

Matron and Nurse.

☞Catalogues, containing full information, will be sent to any person on application to B. A. Spires, Esq. during the vacation, and after the commencement to the President.

Murfreesboro,' Nov. 11th, 1856.

RIDDICKSVILLE SEMINARY,

NEAR SUNSBURY, GATES CO., N. C.

THE FIFTEENTH SESSION OF this Institution will open on the first Monday in January.

Young men are thoroughly prepared for College and for the duties of active life. As the classes will be formed as early in the session as practicable, prompt attendance is requested.

Terms for the Scholastic Year of Ten Months:

For board and tuition in the Languages and Higher English branches, $120

For board and tuition in the Common English branches, 110

For details please address the Principal.

dec 16, 1856—9t M. KELLOGG, Jr.

SELLING OFF CHEAP TO CLOSE BUSINESS.

BEING DESIROUS OF LEAVING E. CITY, I will from this date sell off my Goods very

CHEAP FOR CASH.

Persons wishing BARGAINS had better give me a call before purchasing elsewhere My stock consist of Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Crockery, Ship Chandlery, &c.

Any person wishing to engage in the mercantile business will do well to call upon me, as I will sell my whole stock on accommodating terms.

B. T. MILLER.

All persons indebted to me by note or account will please settle by the 1st of January; if not paid by that time, they will be placed in an officer's hands for collection.

dec 2 B. T. M.

NORFOLK ADVERTISEMENTS.

'YOUNG AMERICA' CORN AND COB MILL,

MANUFACTURED BY

S. MARCH, Norfolk, Va.

THE above Mill, which so far surpassed all others last season, has been improved, and made stronger and better than ever, and is now in the field carrying everything before it. It is the mill for strength, durability and swiftness.

I annex a list of premiums it has received this season, over the 'Little Giant,' 'Magic Mill,' Star Mill, Maynard's Mill, and all others that have come into competition with it:

First premium at the N. York State Fair.

First premium at the Ohio State Fair.

First premium at the Michigan State Fair.

First premium at the N. Carolina State Fair.

First premium at the Nashville (Tenn.) Fair.

First premium at one County Fair in N. York.

First premium at ten County Fairs in Ohio.

Trial of corn and cob mills at the North Carolina State Fair, October 1856.

The following table will show the time occupied by each of the Mills on exhibition in grinding half bushel of corn and cobs:

Young America,	2 minutes and 40	seconds.
Little Giant,	4 "	55 "
Magic Mill,	6 "	

Sinclair & Co's Mill, two trials, average time, 6 minutes and 58 seconds.

Advantages of the Young America or Excelsior Mill over all others: 1st, great strength and durability; 2d, simplicity, (having but one set screw to graduate the quality of grinding, which renders it so simple that it may be managed by any ordinary farm hand;) 3d, it will grind more corn, or corn and cob, in the same time, and of same quality, than any other mill in use of the same size; 4th, economy—that part of the mill which is most liable to wear, being separate from the main body of the machine, can be renewed when worn out, at the small cost of $3. Thus in the Young America or Excelsior mill, I present the best, cheapest and most durable mill ever offered to the Farmer. This mill is of large size and greater capacity than any other mill ever sold at the same price.

Price, including extra plates, $50.

I am also manufacturing Cart and Wagon Wheels, Farm Wagons, Carts, Trucks, Drays, Plows, Harrows, Cultivators, Corn Shellers, and Agricultural Implements generally, and am better prepared to furnish farmers and merchants than any other house in the city.

Call and examine my stock and be convinced that it is to your interest to patronize Southern enterprize. I am unwilling to believe that all the men in Virginia and North Carolina prefer to build up the North and improverish the South.

I have also a Foundry connected with my factory, and solicit orders for Castings generally.

S. MARCH.

dec 9 Norfolk, Va.

NEW BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

W. P. GRIFFITH, having dissolved his connection with the firm of Vickery & Griffith, would respectfully inform the citizens of Elizabeth City and of the surrounding country, that he has opened at the store formerly occupied by the late Mr. R. C. Barclay,

The largest and best stock of Books and Stationery ever offered for sale in the City of Norfolk.

Believing that the wants and the tastes of the people required one establishment similar to those found in the large Northern cities, where a full and general assortment of Books can be obtained, the subscriber has been induced, during a recent visit to Philadelphia, New York and Boston, to purchase from the principal publishers, and at the great "Trade Sales," a superior stock of

School, Classical, Law, Medical, Theological, Religious and Miscellaneous

BOOKS.

Which will, upon examination, compare with any to be found in the Southern country.

My Stock of Foreign and American

STATIONERY.

Is very large and complete, it has been selected with great care, and embraces every article required for the School and Counting Room.

MY WHOLE STOCK IS ENTIRELY —NEW,—

and has been bought upon the very best terms and a large portion for cash, which gives me a decided advantage over all other houses in the city, and will enable me to sell my goods at prices far below former rates.

Booksellers in this and adjacent Towns and Country Merchants, will find it greatly to their advantage to examine my stock before going North.

Colleges, Schools and Teachers, will be supplied at Northern prices.

By special arrangements with the following houses, I shall receive their new Books as they are issued from the Press, and will supply any or all of their publications at their prices:

J. B. Lippincott & Co.,	Philadelphia.
Lindsay & Blackiston,	do.
James B. Smith & Co.,	do.
T. B. Peterson,	do.
Harper & Brothers,	New York.
D. Appleton & Co.,	do.
Robert Carter & Bros.,	do.
Charles Scribner,	do.
Derby & Jackson,	do.
Little, Brown & Co.,	Boston
Phillips, Sampson & Co.,	do.
Ticknor & Fields,	do.
Crosby, Nichols & Co.,	do.
Gould & Lincoln,	do.

Orders from the Country will meet with prompt attention directed to W. P. GRIFFITH,

oct 21 Norfolk, Va.

FARMER'S HEAD QUARTERS,

NO. 11, WATER STREET,

NORFOLK, VA.

AGRICULTURAL IMPEMENTS,

BAR and Bundle Iron, Cast and Wagon Boxes, Springs and Axles, Anvils, Bellows Vices, Dies and Stocks, Screw Plates, Horse Shoes, Horse Nails, Chain Pumps, &c.

3000 cast iron Plows of all sizes and patterns, embracing some of the best in the country.

2000 Cultivators, with steel, wrought and cast iron Hoes.

150 Harrows, of Geddes' Premium, 14 to 36 teeth, square, hinges, expanding, stationary, oval teeth, &c.

150 Corn Shellers, (box,) with 1 and 2 fly wheels, large hoppers, and well made, the best in market. Also, the Virginia Sheller, acknowledged by practical men the best in use for wear and tear; other good kinds also on hand.

100 Straw Cutters, Hovey's, Sinclair's, Taylor's, Smith's Premium, &c.

100 Corn Planters, two varieties, warranted to work well.

50 Small Seed Sowers.

50 Ox Yokes, premium at Raleigh.

50 Hand Hominy Mills, premium at Raleigh

20 Horse Rakes " " "

50 Subsoil Plows,

Diplomas of the above may be seen at the Depot.

HORSE POWERS, THRESHERS, GRIST MILLS,

and every variety of Machines for Farmers may be seen there, as well as a thousand small things useful and necessary in farming, all of which will be sold at low prices.

BORUM & MCLEAN,

No. 11 Water Street.

dec 20 Norfolk, Va.

NORTH CAROLINA AGRICULTURAL STORE AND MACHINE MANUFACTORY,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING ENLARGED his Manufactory and opened a regular

AGRICULTURAL STORE,

is now prepared to fill all orders in his line at the shortest notice and on accommodating terms Such as

Horse-Powers, different sizes,

Corn Shellers, different sizes and patterns,

Wheat Threshers, different kind and sizes,

Wheat and Corn Fans,

Corn Planters,

Plough and Plough Castings,

Cultivators, Hoes, Scythes and Cradles,

Reap-hooks, Spades, Shovels,

Manure Forks, Axes,

Trace and Log Chains, Hames,

Oat and Straw Cutters, various patterns,

Grind-Stones, Ilinges,

Nails, Screws, &c., &c. Also,

CARPENTER'S TOOLS.

Farmers in want of any of the above articles will do well to give me a call.

Repairing promptly and faithfully attended to.

Orders per mail will meet with strict attention.

W. H. CLARK.

ap 19

NORFOLK ADVERTISEMENTS

W. S. SPRATLEY,

IMPORTER AND MANUFACTURER OF

GUNS, RIFLES, PISTOLS, SPORTING APPARATUS AND FINE CUTLERY.

No. 12, Union Street, Norfolk, Va.

do 19—1y

SPRING STOCK OF TIN WARE, Wholesale and Retail. 1855.

J. R. SMALL & CO., respectfully invite Merchants from Virginia and North Carolina, to examine their Spring Stock of TIN WARE, comprising every article usually sold to Merchants, being of our own manufacture.—Mr. A. W. SMALL has the entire control of the Manufacturing Department, he being a practical workman, we feel satisfied that our Goods, for style, durability and elegance, cannot be surpassed by any establishment in Virginia.

MERCHANTS' WARE

Coffee pots, 1 to 10 qts., plain and riveted

Coffee Boilers, 2 to 10 do do

Covered Pails, pint to 20 quarts

Pans, 1 quart to 16 do

Wash bowls, 3 sizes

Dish pans, 4 sizes, round and oval

Sauce pans, pints to 8 quarts

Milk strainers, plain and patent

Milking pails, 3 sizes; candle moulds

Oval and square bread pans

Funnels 5 in., nests cups, ½ pint, pint and quart

Measures, gill to gallons

Oil cans, 1 gallon to 10 gallons

Oil stands, 16 to 130 gallons

Japanned goods of every description

Lanterns for public buildings, steam boats, cabins of packet ships, &c.

JAPANNED GOODS.

Toilet pitchers and basons

Toilet sets, various patterns

Cake boxes, Wine coolers

Waiters and tea trays, square and oval

Scales of various kinds with weights complete

Patent water coolers, made expressly to our order for this market, all sizes

Refrigerators of the most approved patterns

Bathing apparatus of all styles

Cistern and well pumps from the principal manufacturers in the country.

J. R. SMALL & CO.,

No. 6, Union St., Norfolk Va.,

Sign of the Mammoth Octagon Show Case.

mh 20

VALUABLE LAND AT PRIVATE SALE.

I offer for sale upon *liberal terms of credit*, the following valuable Plantations and tracts of Woodland, situated in the Counties of Norfolk and Princess Anne, within ten miles of the City of Norfolk, all of which are easily accessible by land or water.

1st The rich and highly cultivated Farm near Deep Creek in Norfolk County, on which Dr. James H. Williams now resides, formerly owned by John Cary Weston, Esq., containing about Two Thousand Acres, of which Five Hundred are cleared, and the residue covered with the finest Wood. All the improvements are excellent, and the location is as pleasant and healthy as any in lower Virginia.

2d. A Tract of land, containing 900 Acres adjoining the above, covered with Pine, Oak, Maple and Ship Timber, within a short distance of a good Landing.

3d. The splendid estate in the County of Princess Anne, near the Bay Shore, formerly owned by Wm. W. Lamb, Esq., containing Four Hundred Acres.

The situation of this Farm is very beautiful, commanding a view of Chesapeake Bay, and the building improvements are unsurpassed by any in the country.

CHARLES SHARP, Attorney,

aug 5 For JAMES H. WILLIAMS.

CARPET, OIL-CLOTH, CURTAIN AND PAPER-HANGING WARE-ROOMS,

NO. 25, MAIN STREET, NORFOLK, VA.

THE subscriber respectfully invites the attention

POET'S CORNER.

THE WHEREWITHAL.

A man may have wisdom and worth,
And humor and wit at his call,
But what do these matter on earth,
If he has not the wherewithal?
His home may be circled with friends,
If he only can keep up the ball;
But friendship soon changes and ends,
If he has not the wherewithal,
Then seek for the wherewithal.
Make sure of the wherewithal,
For pleasure, like friendships, soon ends,
If you have not the wherewithal.

The purse is the dial, whose face
Shows best where the sunlight doth fall;
He always is first in the race,
Who is first with the wherewithal!
Some say that the high can be mean—
Some hint that the great can be small;
But trifles like these are not seen,
If bless'd with the wherewithal!
Then seek for the wherewithal—
Make sure of the wherewithal,
For pleasure, like friendship, soon ends,
If short of the wherewithal.

Love smiles on the casement that shows
A picture within to enthrall;
When gold's in the heart of the rose,
There's love in the wherewithal!
Yes, men may have wisdom and worth,
And honor and wit at their call,
But what do these matter on earth
If they have not the wherewithal?
Then seek for the wherewithal—
Make sure of the wherewithal,
For pleasure, like friendship, soon ends,
If short of the wherewithal!

CALENDAR FOR 1857.

MONTHS.	SUNDAY.	MONDAY.	TUESDAY.	WEDNESDAY.	THURSDAY.	FRIDAY.	SATURDAY.
JANUARY,					1	2	3
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
FEBRUARY,	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
MARCH,	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	29	30	31				
APRIL,				1	2	3	4
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	26	27	28	29	30		
MAY,						1	2
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
	31						
JUNE,		1	2	3	4	5	6
	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
	28	29	30				
JULY,					1	2	3	4
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	26	27	28	29	30	31	
AUGUST,							1
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
	30	31					
SEPTEMBER,			1	2	3	4	5
	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
	27	28	29	30			
OCTOBER,					1	2	3
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
NOVEMBER,	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	29	30					
DECEMBER,			1	2	3	4	5
	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
	27	28	29	30	31		

CARPET, OIL-CLOTH,
CURTAIN AND PAPER-HANGING
WARE-ROOMS,
NO. 25, MAIN STREET, NORFOLK, VA.

THE subscriber respectfully invites the attention of the public, to his large and handsome assortment of
VELVET,
TAPESTRY,
THREE PLY,
INGRAIN AND
COMMON CARPETS,
RUGGETS,
RUGS,
DOOR MATS, &c.,
FURNITURE AND
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS.
—ALSO—
Satin De Laines, Worsted, Damask, Lace and Muslin Curtains, Col'd. Velvet and Common Window Shades, Gilt Cornices, Curtain Bands, Tassels, Loops, &c.

All of which, together with a complete assortment of Gilts, Velvet, Satin and Common Papers, Borders, Fire Screens and Curtain Papers, he offers at the lowest prices.
WM. A. WALTERS,
Upholsterer and Paper Hanger,
dec 2 No. 26, Main street.

P. S.—Persons living out of the city, can have their Carpets cut and made to fit, by furnishing us with a plat of their rooms. W. A. W.

W. T. & J. M. HINTON,
DEALERS IN
Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Crockery, Tinware, Woodware, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Ready-Made Clothing, &c., &c., &c.,

WOULD RESPECTFULLY RETURN their thanks to their friends, and the public for the past liberal patronage they have received, and at the same time inform them that they have now received their entire

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK.

It is useless to attempt to name the various articles that may be found in our Store. Suffice it to say, that our stock is unusually large in every department, and we promise to use our utmost endeavors to please all who may favor us with a call.

☞ Great pains is taken in filling all orders sent us. W. T. & J. M. HINTON,
ap 29 Broad Water St., Elizabeth City, N. C.

TREMENDOUS SALE.
THE ENTIRE STOCK OF THE
"BEE HIVE,"

WILL BE SOLD AT
COST,
FROM THIS DATE,
NOVEMBER 24th.

The subscriber intending to make some changes in his business and the sale of his now large and well assorted stock being necessary, to make the arrangements required, therefore the sale is POSITIVE, and any person wishing to purchase Dry Goods, will find this the best opportunity ever offered.

We will mention a few of the leading goods, viz:

SILKS, SILKS

A lot of Plaid 1 yard wide, which we have been selling for $2 per yd., will be sold at $1.-62½. Heavy Plaids and rich for $1. One lot do., of seven different colors at 70 cents. Black Striped and Satin Plaid. Plain Black of all kinds, and in fact everything in the way of a silk, with all the very latest styles.

CLOAKS AND SHAWLS.

Suffice it to say, that every thing to be found in the line of these goods are on hand of our own make, and bargains bound to be obtained. Rich velvet Cloaks in points and all shapes. Stella Crape, Long Plaid, Cashmere Shawls in every quality and bought at a sacrifice.

DRESS GOODS.

Merino Plaids all wool, double width at 31½, 50, 62½ and 75. French Merinoes of all colors. English, &c., plaid and figured; Cotton and Wool Plaids of splendid styles.

FLANNELS.

Red, white, yellow, blue and fancy sack Flannels; Canton Flannels of all kinds and colors. Cassimeres of all kinds: Prints of all kinds.

HOSIERY AMD GLOVES.

All sorts of Merino, Cotton, Kid, &c., of various colors.

LINEN GOODS.

The assortment is large, and very complete, Damasks by the yard, Table Cloths of every kind. Families can supply themselves now, at 30 per cent discount. Sheetings 3-4, 4-4, 5-4, 6-4, 10-4, 11-4, and 12-4

EMBROIDERIES.

This stock alone, is worth the undivided attention of all. Never before has this department been so well supplied. Sets of the most elegant in Crape, Swiss, Cambric, Nainesook, Mull, and Linen of every kind, from 50c, to the finest imported. Collars of every kind and quality, Sleeves, Bands, Edging and Inserting, Thread Laces, Robbin, &c.

GENTS GURNSEYS.

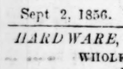
There is a large Stock of these Goods on hand, and every one can supply themselves at a great saving. The list is too large, come and see, and seeing is believing, this sale is POSITIVE

N. B.—The above stock has not been bought in the usual way, or at regular prices. The goods all have been bought at great sacrifices, and this will make the advantage double.

Call early, when the assortment is good at the "*BEE HIVE.*"

JAMES SMITH,
33 Main Street,
dec 2—tlst jan Norfolk, Va.

ELEGANT CABINET WARE,
FURNITURE &c.



T. F. PARR, & Co., at the old-established stand of Caleb Sykes, have now on hand a varied assortment of elegant Furniture, such as Sofas, Chairs, Tables, Wardrobes, Sideboards, &c., &c., which they offer to the public on such terms as cannot fail to give entire satisfaction. They are also prepared to *manufacture* any and every article of
FURNITURE
that may be called for, at the shortest notice, of the best material, and in the most workmanlike manner. Call and give us your orders.

We also keep constantly on hand a large assortment of
METALLIC COFFINS,
of all sizes. We will also furnish Mahogany, Walnut or other Coffins to order. And having procured a new and elegant HEARSE, we are prepared to carry on the UNDERTAKING business in all its branches.

Thankful for the liberal patronage hitherto bestowed, we respectfully solicit a continuance of the same, assuring the public that no effort will be spared on our part to give entire satisfaction.
nov 14 T. F. PARR

NOTICE.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the firm of Frank Vaughan & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to the said firm either by note or otherwise are requested to come forward and settle the same with Thomas Gaskins, who has purchased the entire interest in all the debts due said firm and who is alone authorised to use the name of the firm in the settlement of the business.

THOS. GASKINS,
FRANK VAUGHAN.
Aug. 26th, 1856.

The Clothing and Furnishing business will be continued by F. Vaughan & Brother, at the same stand.

FRANK VAUGHAN,
JAS. N. VAUGHAN.
Sept 2, 1856.

HARDWARE, CUTLERY AND GUNS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
FALL 1855
ALLYN, ROSE & CAPPS

TAKE PLEASURE in calling the attention of their Virginia and North Carolina friends, (especially the Mercantile class,) to their extensive assortment of GENERAL HARDWARE, a large portion of which was imported with a special view to the Fall and Winter wholesale trade, and the Merchant, Mechanic and Farmer, will bear in mind, that under the circumstances of our not being able to make our usual fall sales our assortment of Hardware, can be purchased on wholesale terms, at greatly reduced prices. Call and examine for yourselves. dec 4

STRAW CUTTERS.

SINCLAIR'S SCREW PROPELLER Straw Cutters. Price $30. Cut Straw, Shucks, Fodder, Oats and all kinds of feed for stock, in the best manner.

Also our new Straw Cutters, with 1 knife very simple, and cuts all kind of food.

Harvey's Raw hide Cutter, Smith's Virginia do.

Boston cheap " " Daniel's Patent do all for sale at Factory prices.

Wheat and Corn Fans, all sizes and kinds, and prices to suit.

BORUM & MCLEAN,
Farmer's Head Quarters,
aug 1 No. 11, Main st., Norfolk, Va

NOW IS THE TIME.

500 MANTILLAS, EVERY STYLE AND COLOR IN
LACE AND SILK, in prices from $2 to the finest made This is a desirable opportunity as these goods will be sold at cost, and bargains will be given. Call soon and secure the advantages now offered.

ALSO.

The greater portion of the Stock will be offered at reduced prices. Call, every one who wishes to save 50 per cent, at the Bee Hive.
jy 29 JAS SMITH.

ALBEMARLE AND CHESAPEAKE CANAL COMPANY.

THE Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Albemarle and Chesapeake Canal Company will be held at the Company's office in Norfolk on Tuesday, 2nd December next, at 11 o'clock, A. M.
A. M. BURT,
nov. 4—4t Secretary.

STEWART & CO.
NOW OFFER A
MAGNIFICENT ASSORTMENT OF
DRY GOODS.

COMMENCEMENT OF
THE FALL TRADE.
$50,000 worth of

SILKS, SHAWLS,
FRENCH MERINOS
AND CASHMERES,
PRINTED MOUSLINS,
EMBROIDERIES, &c..
Now open from the recent large
AUCTIONS IN NEW YORK.
All of which we are selling at
ONE HALF THE USUAL PRICES.
We invite particular attention to our
SILK DEPARTMENT
and Dress Goods generally.

MOURNING GOODS.
ALL KINDS CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS.
A FULL STOCK OF
LINEN AND COTTON GOODS.
JOUVIN'S Celebrated KID GLOVES
of our own importation.
HOSIERY OF ALL KINDS.
CRAVATS, GLOVES AND HANDKERCHIEFS.
BLANKETS, BLANKETS,
ENGLISH WHITNEY DO., MACKINAW AND AMERICAN, SERVANTS AND CHILDRENS, BERTH, CRIB AND CRADLE.
GENT'S TRAVELING SHAWLS AND RAILROAD RUGS.
OUR DEPARTMENT FOR FARMERS
Is well cared for. We have been very careful in selecting the most durable fabrics, such as are suited for the Virginia and North Carolina demand: the prices are uniform and are at low figures.

We enumerate: Kersey, Bro and Grey Satinet, Tweed, Linsey, Jeans, Sheeps Grey, Full-ed Lindsey. Osnaburgs, No. 1 and 2, Plain and Tw'd Col'd Osnaburg, Brown Sheeting and Cotons, Calico, Black and Colored, Servants' Socks. White and colored
BLANKETS,
for servants, and every article usually kept in our line. An examination of our stock is solicited. W. P. STEWART & CO.,
Nos. 25 Main, and 17 Hill sts.,
oct 7 Norfolk, Va.

L. SCOTT & CO.'S
REPRINT OF THE
BRITISH PERIODICALS
AND THE
FARMER'S GUIDE.
GREAT REDUCTION IN THE PRICE OF THE LATTER PUBLICATION.

—:o:—

L. SCOTT & CO., NEW YORK, continue to publish the following leading British Periodicals, viz.:

1.
THE LONDON QUARTERLY (Conservative.)
2.
THE EDINBURGH REVIEW (Whig,)
3.
THE NO. BRITISH REVIEW (Free Church.)
4.
THE WESTMINSTER REVIEW (Liberal.)
5.
BLACKWOOD'S EDINBURGH MAG'INE (Tory)

These Periodicals ably represent the three great political parties of Great Britain—Whig, Tory, and Radical—but politics forms only one feature of their character. As Organs of the most profound writers on Science, Literature, Morality and Religion, they stand, as they ever have stood, unrivalled in the world of letters, being considered indispensable to the scholar and the professional man, while to the intelligent reader of every class they furnish a more correct and satisfactory record of the day, throughout the world, than can be possibly obtained from any other source.

EARLY COPIES.

The recept of Advance Sheets from the British publishers gives additional value to these Reprints, inasmuch as they can now be placed in the hands of subscribers about as soon as the original editions.

TERMS.

	Per ann.
For any one of the four Reviews	$3 00
For any two of the four Reviews	5 00
For any three of the four Reviews	7 00
For all four of the Reviews	8 00
For Blackwood's Magazine	3 00
For Blackwood and three Reviews	9 00
For Blackwood and the four Reviews	10 00

Payments to be made in all cases in advance. Money current in the State where issued will be received at par.

CLUBBING.

A discount of twenty-five per cent. from the above prices will be allowed to CLUBS ordering four or more copies of any one or more of the above works. Thus: Four copies of Blackwood, or of one Review, will be sent to one address for $9; four copies of the four Reviews and Blackwood, for $30; and so on.

POSTAGE.

in all the principal Cities and Towns, these works will be delivered, FREE OF POSTAGE. When sent by mail, the POSTAGE to any part of the United States will be but *Twenty-four Cents* a year for "Blackwood," and but *Fourteen Cents* a year for each of the Reviews.

N. B. *The price in Great Britain of the five Periodicals above-named is about $31; per annum.*

THE FARMER'S GUIDE
TO SCIENTIFIC AND PRACTICAL AGRICULTURE.

By HENRY STEPHENS, F. R. S., of Edinburgh, and the late J. P. NORTON, Professor of Scientific Agriculture in Yale College, New Haven. 2 vols. Royal Octavo. 1600 pages, and numerous Wood and Steel Engravings.

This is, confessedly, the most complete work on Agriculture ever published, and in order to give it a wider circulation the publishers have resolved to reduce the price to

$5 00 FOR THE TWO VOLUMES!!

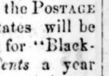
When sent by mail (post paid) to California and Oregon the price will be $7.—To every other part of the Union, and to Canada (post-paid), $6. ☞ *This work is* NOT *the old "Book of the Farm."*

Remittances for any of the above publications should always be addressed post-paid to the Publishers.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO.,
No. 54 Gold-street, New York.

BOOT AND SHOE STORE
AT THE WATER.

THE subscriber has just opened at the store lately occupied by W. B. Burgess, esq., on water street, a large assortment of Ladies', Gentlemen's, Misses', Boys' and children's Boots, Shoes and Gaiters, of every description.



Also, a large lot of Silk and Wool HATS, BUFFALO ROBES, TRUNKS, CARPET-BAGS and UMBRELLAS. The public are invited to call and examine his stock. T. D. KNOX.
Oct. 21, 1856.

IN STORE AND FOR SALE.

A LARGE stock of Dry Goods, Groceries, Provisions, Crockery, Wood, Tin and Hollow Ware, &c., wholesale and retail.
☞ Produce bought and sold.
T. GASKINS,
County Wharf, near the Market House.
E. City, Nov. 18—tf

'YOUNG AMERICA'
CORN AND COB MILL,
MANUFACTURED BY
S. MARCH, Norfolk, Va.

THE above Mill, which so far surpassed all others last season, has been improved, and made stronger and better than ever, and is now in the field carrying everything before it. It is the mill for strength, durability and swiftness.

I annex a list of premiums it has received this season, over the 'Little Giant,' 'Magic Mill,' Star Mill, Maynard's Mill, and all others that have come into competition with it:

First premium at the N. York State Fair.
First premium at the Ohio State Fair.
First premium at the Michigan State Fair.
First premium at the N. Carolina State Fair.
First premium at the Nashville (Tenn.) Fair.
First premium at one County Fair in N. York.
First premium at ten County Fairs in Ohio.
Trial of corn and cob mills at the North Carolina State Fair, October 1856.

The following table will show the time occupied by each of the Mills on exhibition in grinding half bushel of corn and cobs:

Young America,	2	minutes and	40 seconds.
Little Giant,	4	"	55 "
Magic Mill,	6	"	

Sinclair & Co's Mill, two trials, average time, 6 minutes and 58 seconds.

Advantages of the Young America or Excelsior Mill over all others: 1st, great strength and urability; 2d, simplicity, (having but one set screw to graduate the quality of grinding, which renders it so simple that it may be managed by any ordinary farm hand;) 3d, it will grind more corn, or corn and cob, in the same time, and of same quality, than any other mill in use of the same size; 4th, economy—that part of the mill which is most liable to wear, being separate from the main body of the machine, can be renewed when worn out, at the small cost of $3. Thus in the Young America or Excelsior mill, I present the best, cheapest and most durable mill ever offered to the Farmer. This mill is of large size and greater capacity than any other mill ever sold at the same price.

Price, including extra plates, $50.

I am also manufacturing Cart and Wagon Wheels, Farm Wagons, Carts, Trucks, Drays, Plows, Harrows, Cultivators, Corn Shellers, and Agricultural Implements generally, and am better prepared to furnish farmers and merchants than any other house in the city.

Call and examine my stock and be convinced that it is to your interest to patronize Southern enterprize. I am unwilling to believe that all the men in Virginia and North Carolina prefer to build up the North and impoverish the South.

I have also a Foundry connected with my factory, and solicit orders for Castings generally.
S. MARCH.
dec 9 Norfolk, Va.

NEW
BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

W. P. GRIFFITH, having dissolved his connection with the firm of Vickery & Griffith, would respectfully inform the citizens of Elizabeth City and of the surrounding country, that he has opened at the store formerly occupied by the late Mr. R. C. Barclay,
The largest and best stock of Books and Stationery ever offered for sale in the City of Norfolk.

Believing that the wants and the tastes of the people required one establishment similar to those found in the large Northern cities, where a full and general assortment of Books can be obtained, the subscriber has been induced, during a recent visit to Philadelphia, New York and Boston, to purchase from the principal publishers, and at the great "Trade Sales," a superior stock of
School, Classical, Law, Medical, Theological, Religious and Miscellaneous
BOOKS.
Which will, upon examination, compare with any to be found in the Southern country.

My Stock of Foreign and American
STATIONERY.
Is very large and complete, it has been selected with great care, and embraces every article required for the School and Counting Room.

MY WHOLE STOCK IS ENTIRELY
—NEW,—
and has been bought upon the very best terms and a large portion for cash, which gives me a decided advantage over all other houses in the city, and will enable me to sell my goods at prices far below former rates.

Booksellers in this and adjacent Towns and Country Merchants, will find it greatly to their advantage to examine my stock before going North.

Colleges, Schools and Teachers, will be supplied at Northern prices.

By special arrangements with the following houses, I shall receive their new Books as they are issued from the Press, and will supply any or all of their publications at their prices:

J. B. Lippincott & Co.,	Philadelphia.
Lindsay & Blackiston,	do.
James B. Smith & Co.,	do.
T. B. Peterson,	do.
Harper & Brothers,	New York.
D. Appleton & Co.,	do.
Robert Carter & Bros.,	do.
Charles Scribner,	do.
Derby & Jackson,	do.
Little, Brown & Co.,	Boston
Phillips, Sampson & Co.,	do.
Ticknor & Fields,	do.
Crosby, Nichols & Co.,	do.
Gould & Lincoln,	do.

Orders from the Country will meet with prompt attention directed to W. P. GRIFFITH,
oct 21 Norfolk, Va.

FARMER'S HEAD QUARTERS,
NO. 11, WATER STREET,
NORFOLK, VA.
AGRICULTURAL IMPEMENTS,

BAR and Bundle Iron, Cart and Wagon Boxes, Springs and Axles, Anvils, Bellows Vices, Dies and Stocks, Screw Plates, Horse Shoes, Horse Nails, Chain Pumps, &c.

3000 cast iron Plows of all sizes and patterns, embracing some of the best in the country.

2000 Cultivators, with steel, wrought and cast iron Hoes.

150 Harrows, of Gedder Premium, 14 to 36 teeth, square, hinges, expanding, stationary, oval teeth, &c.

150 Corn Shellers, (box,) with 1 and 2 fly wheels, large hoppers, and well made, the best in market. Also, the Virginia Sheller, acknowledged by practical men the best in use for wear and tear; other good kinds also on hand.

100 Straw Cutters, Hovey's, Sinclair's, Taylor's, Smith's Premium, &c.

100 Corn Planters, two varieties, warranted to work well.

50 Small Seed Sowers.

50 Ox Yokes, premium at Raleigh.

50 Hand Hominy Mills, premium at Raleigh.

20 Horse Rakes " " "

50 Subsoil Plows, " " "

Diplomas of the above may be seen at the Depot.

HORSE POWERS, THRESHERS,
GRIST MILLS,

and every variety of Machines for Farmers may be seen there, as well as a thousand small things useful and necessary in farming, all of which will be sold at low prices.

BORUM & MCLEAN,
No. 11 Water Street,
dec 20 Norfolk, Va.

THIS IS YOUR CHANCE.

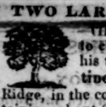
50 PIECES of lawns in good color just rec'd and will be sold at 12½,
25 pieces at 1 shilling,
MOURING DEBAGES.
A lot of DeLages at 12½, 18½ and 25 cents, the cheapest of the season,
20 pieces of Check Cambric, at 12½ cents,
20 do. do. do. at 18½ cents, very cheap indeed.
Also, a cartoon of real Bobbin Edgings, so long wanted; can be supplied cheap.
10 pieces of Plaid Mouseline in desirable colors, cheap.

And thousands of other bargains which we cannot enumerate here. Come and you will find the above and numerous other bargains at the Bee Hive. Call and get your share of the bargains.
Aug 5 JAMES SMITH

JUST RECEIVED AT
THE BEE HIVE.

A Splendid assortment of Embroideries in Bands, Swiss and Cambric Collars, and the newest styles of Black Lace Collars at the lowest prices.
—ALSO—
The largest assortment of CLOAKS, South of New York always on hand at the BEE HIVE.
JAS. SMITH,
oct 21 33 Main st., Norfolk.

TWO LARGE FARMS FOR SALE.



THE UNDERSIGNED WISHING to change his business offers for sale his two farms, known as the Ballentine and Edney Farms on Green Ridge, in the county of Norfolk, the first containing about 800 acres, of which there is 350 cleared and in a high state of cultivation. The second containing about 500 acres, of which there is 250 cleared, all of which land is well drained and producing from 14 to 16 barrels of corn per acre, and is also well adapted to the growth of wheat. Both of the said farms may be converted into one; having on them three good tenements and out-buildings and good wells of water, and convenient to a good school; and there is on the said land a large quantity of cypress, poplar and pine timber, and in about two and a half miles of the Chesapeake and Albemarle Canal, now under construction, and three and a half miles from Indian Creek, a branch of the north west river, and one of the finest ranges for stock in the country. There can be made at this time about 4000 Bbls. of Corn on the said lands, and a considerable quantity of new land to come in. Any one wishing to purchase can examine the same by applying to the overseer on the premises; any one wishing information are referred to Nathan Overman, Esq., E. City, N. C.; Col. Jno. B. Jones, Knott's Island; J. N. Hall, esq., Great Bridge, Va.; or my Commission Merchant Jno. James, Esq., Norfolk, Va. Also to Marmaduke Cartwright, Eliz. City, N. C. Terms accommodating.
GEO. A. WILSON,
Sept 16 Great Bridge, Va.

SCOTT'S LITTLE GIANT PATENT
CORN AND COB MILL,
PATENTED MAY 16TH, 1854.

THE attention of Planters, Farmers, and Stock-feeders in general, is respectfully called to this Mill as the most important article of the kind now in use; not only well adapted for grinding Cob Meal for Stock, but Grits for the table, and especially Bread Meal from corn not fully ripe or dry in the fall.

In setting this Mill, no mechanic or frame work is wanted, only requiring to be fastened to a floor or platform. Easily adjusted and used by anybody, even by a child.

The LITTLE GIANT has received the first premiums at the late Agricultural Fair of Missouri, Kentucky, Maryland, Virginia, and other States; and that in the most complimentary manner; as well as the most ready commendations from the thousands witnessing its performance.

These Mills are guaranteed in the most positive manner; and No. 2 warranted to grind 10 bushels of feed per hour with one horse and offered at the low price of $44, all complete, ready for attaching the team,—No. 4 at $66 grinds 20 bushels per hour with 2 horses.

Sole Agents in Norfolk, Va.
BORUM & McCLEAN,
Farmers' Head Quarter, No. 11, Wide Water S
nov 14.

NORTH CAROLINA
AGRICULTURAL STORE
AND
MACHINE MANUFACTORY,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING ENLARGED his Manufactory and opened a regular
AGRICULTURAL STORE,
is now prepared to fill all orders in his line at the shortest notice and on accommodating terms Such as

Horse-Powers, different sizes,
Corn Shellers, different sizes and patterns,
Wheat Threshers, different kind and sizes,
Wheat and Corn Fans,
Corn Planters,
Plough and Plough Castings,
Cultivators, Hoes, Scythes and Cradles,
Reap-hooks, Spades, Shovels,
Manure Forks, Axes,
Trace and Log Chains, Hames,
Oat and Straw Cutters, various patterns,
Grind-Stones, Hinges,
Nails, Screws, &c., &c., Also,
CARPENTER'S TOOLS.

Farmers in want of any of the above articles will do well to give me a call.

Repairing promptly and faithfully attended to Orders per mail will meet with strict attention. W. H. CLARK.
ap 19

CARPETS, OIL-CLOTHS, &c
At Low Prices for Cash!
GEORGE E. L. HYATT,
Nos 444 and 446 Pearl-Street, (near Chatham,)
NEW YORK,

HAS NOW IN STORE, AND IS CONstantly receiving a well assorted stock of CARPETS, OIL-CLOTHS, &c., to which he invites public attention, believing that an examination of both quality and prices will prove satisfactory to Merchants and to Purchasers generally, who buy for Cash. His stock consists of
RICH VELVET TAPESTRY & BRUSSELS CARPETS,
IN NEW DESIGNS;
SUPERIOR ENGLISH & AMERICAN 3-PLY,
and ingrain carpets;
Comprising many NEW PATTERNS, made expressly for first-class trade.—Also.—
Twilled and plain VENETIAN HALL and STAIR CARPETS.
OIL-CLOTHS, in widths from 2 to 24 feet. IN various qualities.
Rich Mosaic, Tufted and Common Hearth Rugs and Door-Mats of different sorts.
Table and Piano Covers of Choice Patterns.
4-4, 5-4 and 6-4 Plaid and Plain Mattings.
Window Shades of Desirable Styles.
Stair-Coverings, Stair-Rods, and all other articles usually kept in Carpet Stores.
HE IS ALSO AGENT FOR SELLING
Carhart & Nye's Power Loom Three-ply and Ingrain Carpets, as well as Barber's Auburn Prison-made Brussels 3-ply. Ingrain and Venetian Carpets and Rugs.
All which will be fairly represented to purchasers and sold at fair prices

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.
I HAVE JUST RECEIVED AND AM prepared to show the most extensive and desirable stock of
Ready Made Clothing
AND SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS
I have ever exhibited. My stock embraces every style and quality of Goods in the Dry GOODS and GROCERY Line. Consisting in part, of the following articles:

Taffeteure, Ribbons, Col'd., White Bonnets. Plain White Crape Shawls, Embroidered Col'd M. Delaines, White do., Plain Bereges, Silk do., Berege Robes, Black and White Gingham Black and White Lawn, Printed Jackonets, Organdia, Swiss Robed Lawns, Victoria Lawns, White Swiss Muslin, Jackonet Muslin, Berege Diaper, Br. Holland, White do., Bro. Duck, Blue do., Fine White Do., Plaid Chashmerette, Farmer's Drill Cash Silk Handkerchiefs, fancy English Striped Shirts, Howard Duck, Bro. Drills, Patapsco Osnaburgs, Cotton Sheeting, Linen Sheeting, Printed Cashmere Shawls, Challe De Laines Plaid Bareges, Figd. Grenadine, Pink DeLaine, Plaid Challe, Fancy Stocks, Embroidered Crape Shawls, Lace Mantles, Black Lace Mantles, Plain Lined Parasols, Hats, Boots, Shoes, and Gaiters of all description.

Persons in want of any of the above articles, or anything in the Dry Goods, Grocery and Ready-Made Clothing line, are respectfully requested to give me a call, as I can sell goods as cheap as they can be bought in this section of country.
BENJAMIN T. MILLER.
E. City April 15, 1856.

NEW FALL STOCK OF
MILLINERY GOODS!

THE subscriber takes occasion to return her most sincere acknowledgments to the ladies of Elizabeth City and surrounding country, for the very liberal patronage heretofore bestowed upon her, and to announce that she has taken the stand formerly occupied by Mrs. Esther Sikes, where she has laid in a large and well selected stock of
Millinery Goods, Bonnets, Ribbons, Artificial Flowers &c.
In addition to her own stock, she has bought out the entire stock of Mrs. Sirah Laboyteanx, just received from the North, which, together, constitute the largest and most attractive assortment of Millinery Goods ever offered in this Town. Ladies desirous of obtaining the latest and most approved styles of Bonnets, Ribbons, &c., will find it to their interest to give me a call. MRS. M. C. CASEY.
Oct. 30—tf.

RAGS, &C.

THE SUBSCRIBER will give the highest cash prices for rags and old metals of every description.
PETER DILWORTH, Wide Water st.
Next to Ferguson & Wilkinson's Auc. store.
Norfolk, Va., Nov. 27, 1855.

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

THE proprietor of the Union Street Depot, would respectfully announce to the citizens of Elizabeth City and the surrounding country, that he has just returned from the North with the largest, most beautiful, and complete assortment of Spring and Summer Goods, in his line, ever exhibited in the city of Norfolk; and his intention is to sell them as cheap as can be purchased elsewhere.

Having obtained these goods in person, and knowing the wants of the people, he flatters himself that he can suit them bett r at the Depot than they can be at any other establishment in the Union. Below we enumerate a few articles of the la ge assortment of goods that can be found at the Depot:

Toilet Setts, new and beautiful patterns, from $3 50 to $16.
Foot Tubs, Bathing Tubs, Children's Bath Tubs, Hip Baths, Sponge Baths, with and without showers,
Water Coolers, metal and wood,
Waterman's Refrigerators, Water Cans,
Freezers and Tubs, patent and plain,
Basins and Pitchers, Chamber Pails, Ice Picks, Wooden Tubs and Buckets, Wash Boards,
Lemon Squeezers, Butter Prints, Ice Pitchers,
Beefsteak Mallets, Ice Mallets, Bill Dusters,
Cocoa Nut Dippers, Cash Boxes, Glass Drainers,
Preserving Kettles, Perforated Knife Baskets,
Furnaces, Block Tin Tea Kettles,
Tea and Coffee Pots, Patent Selfsealing Cans,
Waiters of various sizes and patterns,
Calendars, Bill Head Cases and Post Boxes, for Counting Rooms and Stores,
Roofing, Guttering and Spouting, done at the shortest notice, of the best materials, and warranted in all cases.

Workmen sent to any part of Virginia or N. Carolina to execute work and it warranted.

Copper work done at the shortest notice. Having two superior workmen, he flatters himself that he can turn out as good a piece of work as any house north or south.

Also, in store, a large lot of Tin Plate, Pig Tin, Lead Pipe, Street Lead, Copper, Spelter Solder, &c

CAMPHENE and ETHERIAL OIL, always to be had cheap by the gallon or barrel.
J. R. SMALL & CO.,
House Furnishing, Tin, Copper, and Stove
my 6 Depot, No. 6 Union Street, Norfolk, Va.

HORSE-POWERS, THRESHING MACHINES, &c.

FARMERS wanting Horse-Powers and Threshing Machines, can obtain the most reliable and durable kinds in the country at Farmers' Head Quarters. Our arrangement with the manufacturers, enables us to sell at their prices, which we obligate ourselves to do. We have on hand 4 or 5 different sizes and kinds of Horse-Powers, and request those in want to call and examine. Our sales of such machines have averaged thirty per season, for five years past, and the general satisfaction given to the purchasers of them, induce us to think that there are no better in the world. We are prepared to give any information as to setting them up—having cuts showing the different parts. We have constantly on hand the following kinds:

Sinclair's No. 1 bevel geared Horse Power, made expressly for four mules, having only two leavers—price, $100.

Sinclair's No. 2, spur geared Horse Power, for 4 to 6 mules, very strong and durable—$100.

Sinclair's No 2, bevel gvared, segmented Horse Power, for the capacity of 6 to 8 mules—$125.

Eddy's Horse Powers—$100.

Whitman's Railway Horse Powers, single and double.

THRESHING MACHINES wrought iron cylinders, with either straight or spinal beaters—the latter a recent improvement—20, 25 and 30 inch cylinders, from $45 to $70 each. Straw Carriers, 25 to $30 extra. Leather Bands to suit, 40 or 60 feet long, 35c. per ft., best quality.

Full sets, a-x Horse Power, Thresher and Belt, at 158 $225.

Call and examine the different kinds. Catalogues with cuts furnished upon application.
BORUM & McLEAN,
Farmer's Headquarters.
Norfolk Va. July 1st, 11 Wide Water St.

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